



PT Series 7

AC Variable Speed Drive

0.75 - 250kW 1 - 350HP 200 – 400V Single and 3 Phase Input

Quick Start Up

General Information and Ratings

Mechanical Installation

Electrical Installation

Keypad and Display Operation

Parameters

Control Terminal Functions

Extended Parameters

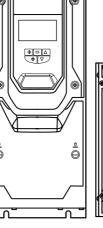
Serial Communications

Technical Data

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Declaration of Conformity

J.K. Fenner (India) Ltd hereby states that the PT Series PTP-2 product range conforms to the relevant safety provisions of the following council directives :

2014/30/EU (EMC) and 2014/35/EU (LVD)

Designed and manufacture is in accordance with the following harmonised European standards :

EN 61800-5-1: 2007+A1:2017	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. Safety requirements. Electrical, thermal and energy.
EN 61800-3 : 2004 /A1 2012	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. EMC requirements and specific test methods
EN 55011: 2007	Limits and Methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) radio- frequency equipment (EMC)
EN60529 : 1992	Specifications for degrees of protection provided by enclosures

Safe Torque OFF ("STO") Function

PT Series P2 incorporates a hardware STO (Safe Torque Off) Function, designed in accordance with the standards listed below.

Standard	Classification	Independent Approval
EN 61800-5-2 : 2016	Type 2	
EN ISO 13849-1 : 2015	PL "d"	
EN 61508 (Part 1 to 7) : 2010	SIL 2	*TUV
EN60204-1:2006 + A1:2009 + AC : 2010	Uncontrolled Stop "Category O"	100
EN 62061:2005/A2 : 2015	SIL CL 2	

Electromagnetic Compatibility

All PT Series are designed with high standards of EMC in mind. All versions suitable for operation on Single Phase 230 volt and Three Phase 400 volt supplies and intended for use within the European Union are fitted with an internal EMC filter. This EMC filter is designed to reduce the conducted emissions back into the mains supply via the power cables for compliance with the above harmonised European standards.

It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that the equipment or system into which the product is incorporated complies with the EMC legislation of the country of use, and the relevant category. Within the European Union, equipment into which this product is incorporated must comply with the EMC Directive 2014/30/EU. This User Guide provides guidance to ensure that the applicable standards may be achieved.

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2 Year Warranty

All J.K. Fenner PT Series units carry a 2 year warranty against manufacturing defects from the date of manufacture. The manufacturer accepts no liability for any damage caused during or resulting from transport,

receipt of delivery, installation or commissioning. The manufacturer also accepts no liability for damage or consequences resulting from inappropriate, negligent or incorrect installation, incorrect adjustment of the operating parameters of the drive, incorrect matching of the drive to the motor, incorrect installation, unacceptable dust, moisture, corrosive substances, excessive vibration or ambient temperatures outside of the design specification.

The local distributor may offer different terms and conditions at their discretion, and in all cases concerning warranty, the local distributor should be contacted first.

This user guide is the "original instructions" document. All non-English versions are translations of the "original instructions".

The contents of this User Guide are believed to be correct at the time of printing. In the interest of a commitment to a policy of continuous improvement, the manufacturer reserves the right to change the specification of the product or its performance or the contents of the User Guide without notice.

This User Guide is for use with version 2.45 Firmware. User Guide Revision 3.03.

J.K. Fenner (India) Ltd adopts a policy of continuous improvement and whilst every effort has been made to provide accurate and up to date information, the information contained in this User Guide should be used for guidance purposes only and does not form the part of any contract.

	When installing the drive on any power supply where the phase-ground voltage may exceed the phase-phase voltage (typically IT supply networks or Marine vessels) it is essential that the internal EMC filter ground and surge protection varistor ground (where fitted) are disconnected. If in doubt, refer to your Sales Partner for further information.
	This manual is intended as a guide for proper installation. J.K. Fenner (India) Ltd cannot assume responsibility for the compliance or the non-compliance to any code, national, local or otherwise, for the proper installation of this drive or associated equipment. A hazard of personal injury and/or equipment damage exists if codes are ignored during installation.
	This PT Series contains high voltage capacitors that take time to discharge after removal of the main supply. Before working on the drive, ensure isolation of the main supply from line inputs. Wait ten (10) minutes for the capacitors to discharge to safe voltage levels. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.
Â	Only qualified electrical personnel familiar with the construction and operation of this equipment and the hazards involved should install, adjust, operate, or service this equipment. Read and understand this manual and other applicable manuals in their entirety before proceeding. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe badily injury or loss of life.

1. Quick Start Up

1.1. Important Safety Information

Please read the IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION below, and all Warning and Caution information elsewhere.



Danger : Indicates a risk of electric shock, which, if not avoided, could result in damage to the equipment and possible injury or death.

This variable speed drive product (PT Series) is intended for professional incorporation into complete equipment or systems as part of a fixed installation. If installed incorrectly it may present a safety hazard. The PT Series uses high voltages and currents, carries a high level of stored electrical energy, and is used to control mechanical plant that may cause injury. Close attention is required to system design and electrical installation to avoid hazards in either normal operation or in the event of equipment malfunction. Only qualified electricians are allowed to install and maintain this product.

System design, installation, commissioning and maintenance must be carried out only by personnel who have the necessary training and experience. They must carefully read this safety information and the instructions in this Guide and follow all information regarding transport, storage, installation and use of the PT Series, including the specified environmental limitations.

Do not perform any flash test or voltage withstand test on the PT Series. Any electrical measurements required should be carried out with the PT Series disconnected.

Electric shock hazard! Disconnect and ISOLATE the PT Series before attempting any work on it. High voltages are present at the terminals and within the drive for up to 10 minutes after disconnection of the electrical supply. Always ensure by using a suitable multimeter that no voltage is present on any drive power terminals prior to commencing any work.

Where supply to the drive is through a plug and socket connector, do not disconnect until 10 minutes have elapsed after turning off the supply.

Ensure correct earthing connections and cable selection as defined by local legislation or codes. The drive may have a leakage current of greater than 3.5mA; furthermore the earth cable must be sufficient to carry the maximum supply fault current which normally will be limited by the fuses or MCB. Suitably rated fuses or MCB should be fitted in the mains supply to the drive, according to any local legislation or codes.

Do not carry out any work on the drive control cables whilst power is applied to the drive or to the external control circuits.

The "Safe Torque Off" Function does not prevent high voltages from being present at the drives power terminals.



Danger : Indicates a potentially hazardous situation other than electrical, which if not avoided, could result in damage to property.

Within the European Union, all machinery in which this product is used must comply with the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC, Safety of Machinery. In particular, the machine manufacturer is responsible for ensuring that the electrical equipment complies with EN60204-1 and providing a disconnecting device which must be one of the following types :

- A switch-disconnector, utilization category AC-23B (EN 60947-3).
- A circuit breaker suitable for isolation in accordance with EN 60947-2.
- A disconnector with an integrated auxiliary contact that ensures under all circumstances the switching devices break the load circuit prior to opening of the main contacts of the disconnector (EN 60947-3).

For installation in other regions, conformance with local electrical regulations and codes of practice must be adhered to.

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The level of integrity offered by the PT Series control input functions – for example stop/start, forward/ reverse and maximum speed, is not sufficient for use in safety-critical applications without independent channels of protection. All applications where malfunction could cause injury or loss of life must be subject to a risk assessment and further protection provided where needed.

The driven motor can start at power up if the enable input signal is present.

The STOP function does not remove potentially lethal high voltages. ISOLATE the drive and wait 10 minutes before starting any work on it. Never carry out any work on the Drive, Motor or Motor cable whilst the input power is still applied.

The PT Series can be programmed to operate the driven motor at speeds above or below the speed achieved when connecting the motor directly to the mains supply. Obtain confirmation from the manufacturers of the motor and the driven machine about suitability for operation over the intended speed range prior to machine start up.

Do not activate the automatic fault reset function on any systems whereby this may cause a potentially dangerous situation.

IP55 and IP66 drives provide their own pollution degree 2 environments. IP20 drives must be installed in a pollution degree 2 environment, mounted in a cabinet with IP54 or better.

PT Series are intended for indoor use only.

When mounting the drive, ensure that sufficient cooling is provided. Do not carry out drilling operations with the drive in place, dust and swarf from drilling may lead to damage.

The entry of conductive or flammable foreign bodies should be prevented. Flammable material should not be placed close to the drive.

Relative humidity must be less than 95% (noncondensing).

Ensure that the supply voltage, frequency and no. of phases (1 or 3 phase) correspond to the rating of the PT Series as delivered.

Never connect the mains power supply to the Output terminals U, V, W.

Do not install any type of automatic switchgear between the drive and the motor.

Wherever control cabling is close to power cabling, maintain a minimum separation of 100 mm and arrange crossings at 90 degrees.

Ensure that all terminals are tightened to the appropriate torque setting.

Do not attempt to carry out any repair of the PT Series. In the case of suspected fault or malfunction, contact your local J.K. Fenner Sales Partner for further assistance.

Do not operate the drive with any of the enclosure covers removed.

1.2. Quick Start Process

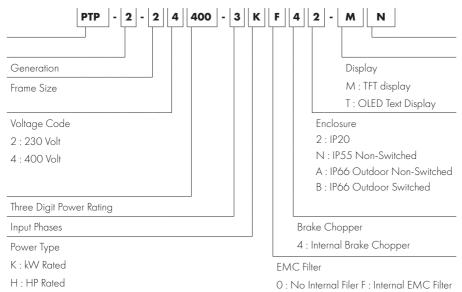
Step	Action	See Section	Page
1	Identify the Model Type and ratings of your drive from the model code on the label. In particular : - Check the voltage rating suits the incoming supply - Check the output current capacity meets or exceeds the full load current for the intended motor - Check the enclosure type is suitable for the intended mounting location.	 2.1. Identifying the Drive by Model Number 2.3. Understanding the Rating Label 2.4. Drive Model Numbers - IP20 2.5. Drive Model Numbers - IP55 2.6. Drive Model Numbers - IP66 3.1. General 	9 10 10 11 11
2	Unpack and check the drive. Notify the supplier and shipper immediately of any damage.		
3	Ensure correct ambient and environmental conditions for the drive are met by the proposed mounting location.	10.1. Environmental	104
4	Install the drive in a suitable cabinet (IP20 Units), ensuring suitable cooling air is available. Mount the drive to the wall or machine (IP55 & IP66).	 3.1. General 3.2. Before Installation 3.5. Mechanical Dimensions and Weight 3.6. Guidelines for Enclosure Mounting (IP20 Units) 3.7. Mounting the Drive – IP20 Units 3.8. Guidelines for Mounting (IP55 Units) 3.9. Guidelines for Mounting (IP66 Units) 	13 13 14 16 18 18 19
5	Select the correct power and motor cables according to local wiring regulations or code, noting the maximum permissible sizes.	10.2. Input/Output Power and Current Ratings	104
6	For IT Supply network, or any power supply type where the phase – earth voltage may exceed the phase – phase voltage (such as ungrounded supplies), disconnect the EMC filter before connecting the supply.	10.6. Internal EMC Filter and Varistors – Disconnection Procedure	108
7	Check the supply cable and motor cable for faults or short circuits.		

Step	Action	See Section	Page
8	Route the cables		
9	Check that the intended motor is suitable for use, noting any precautions recommended by the supplier or manufacturer.	4.6. Motor Connection 8.2.3. Parameter Group 4 – High Performance Motor Control	26 <i>7</i> 1
10	Check the motor terminal box for correct Star or Delta configuration where applicable.	4.7. Motor Terminal Box Connections	26
11	Ensure correct wiring protection is providing, by installing a suitable circuit breaker or fuses in the incoming supply line.	4.3.3. Fuse / Circuit Breaker Selection	24
12	Connect the power cables, especially ensuring the protective earth connection is made.	4.1. Connection Diagram	22
13	Connect the control cables as required for the application.	4.10. Control Terminal Connections	31
14	Thoroughly check the installation and wiring.		
15	Commission the drive parameters.	5.4. Changing Parameters 6. Parameters	43 46

2. General Information and Ratings

2.1. Identifying the Drive by Model Number

The model number of each PT Series P2 is constructed according to the following system :



2.2. Product Rating Label Location

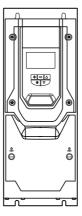
All PT Series P2 models carry a rating label, which can be located as follows :

IP20 Models



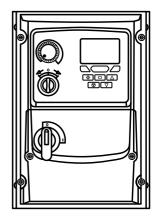
On right hand side when viewed from the front.

IP55 Models



On the top surface.

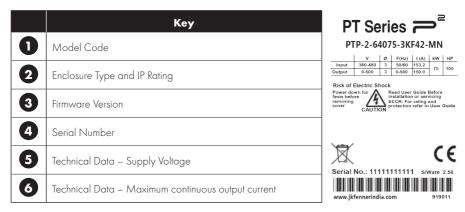
IP66 Models



On right hand side when viewed from the front.

2.3. Understanding the Rating Label

The product rating label provides the following information.



2.4. Drive Model Numbers - IP20

Mechanical Dimensions and Mounting information are shown in section 3.5.1. IP20 Units on page 14.

Electrical Specifications are shown in section	10.2. Input/Output Pov	ower and Current Ratings on page 104.
--	------------------------	---------------------------------------

200-240V ±10% - 1 Phase Input						
kW Model	kW	HP Model	НР	Output Current (A)	Frame Size	
PTP-2-22075-1KF42-MN	0.75	PTP-2-22010-1HF42-MN	1	4.3	2	
PTP-2-22150-1KF42-MN	1.5	PTP-2-22020-1HF42-MN	2	7	2	
PTP-2-22220-1KF42-MN	2.2	PTP-2-22030-1HF42-MN	3	10.5	2	
	380-4	180V ±10% - 3 Phase Input				
kW Model	kW	HP Model	НР	Output Current (A)	Frame Size	
PTP-2-24075-3KF42-MN	0.75	PTP-2-24010-3HF42-MN	1	2.2	2	
PTP-2-24150-3KF42-MN	1.5	PTP-2-24020-3HF42-MN	2	4.1	2	
PTP-2-24220-3KF42-MN	2.2	PTP-2-24030-3HF42-MN	3	5.8	2	
PTP-2-24400-3KF42-MN	4	PTP-2-24050-3HF42-MN	5	9.5	2	
PTP-2-34055-3KF42-MN	5.5	PTP-2-34075-3HF42-MN	7.5	14	3	
PTP-2-34075-3KF42-MN	7.5	PTP-2-34100-3HF42-MN	10	18	3	
PTP-2-34110-3KF42-MN	11	PTP-2-34150-3HF42-MN	15	24	3	
PTP-2-44150-3KF42-MN	15	PTP-2-44200-3HF42-MN	20	30	4	
PTP-2-44185-3KF42-MN	18.5	PTP-2-44250-3HF42-MN	25	39	4	
PTP-2-44220-3KF42-MN	22	PTP-2-44300-3HF42-MN	30	46	4	

PTP-2-54300-3KF42-MN	30	PTP-2-54040-3HF42-MN	40	61	5
PTP-2-54370-3KF42-MN	37	PTP-2-54050-3HF42-MN	50	72	5
PTP-2-64045-3KF42-MN	45	PTP-2-64060-3HF42-MN	60	90	6A
PTP-2-64055-3KF42-MN	55	PTP-2-64075-3HF42-MN	75	110	6A
PTP-2-64075-3KF42-MN	75	PTP-2-64100-3HF42-MN	100	150	6B
PTP-2-64090-3KF42-MN	90	PTP-2-64150-3HF42-MN	150	180	6B
PTP-2-64110-3KF42-MN	110	PTP-2-64175-3HF42-MN	175	202	6B
PTP-2-84200-3KF42-MN	200	PTP-2-84300-3HF42-MN	300	370	8
PTP-2-84250-3KF42-MN	250	PTP-2-84400-3HF42-MN	400	450	8

2.5. Drive Model Numbers - IP55

Mechanical dimensions and mounting information are shown from section 3.5.2. IP55 Units on page 14. Electrical specifications are shown in section 10.2. Input/Output Power and Current Ratings on page 104.

380-480V ±10% - 3 Phase Input							
kW Model Number	kW	HP Model Number	НР	Output Current (A)	Frame Size		
PTP-2-44110-3KF4N-TN	11	PTP-2-44150-3HF4N-TN	15	24	4		
PTP-2-44150-3KF4N-TN	15	PTP-2-44200-3HF4N-TN	20	30	4		
PTP-2-44185-3KF4N-TN	18.5	PTP-2-44250-3HF4N-TN	25	39	4		
PTP-2-44220-3KF4N-TN	22	PTP-2-44300-3HF4N-TN	30	46	4		
PTP-2-54300-3KF4N-TN	30	PTP-2-54040-3HF4N-TN	40	61	5		
PTP-2-54370-3KF4N-TN	37	PTP-2-54050-3HF4N-TN	50	72	5		
PTP-2-64045-3KF4N-TN	45	PTP-2-64060-3HF4N-TN	60	90	6		
PTP-2-64055-3KF4N-TN	55	PTP-2-64075-3HF4N-TN	75	110	6		
PTP-2-64075-3KF4N-TN	75	PTP-2-64100-3HF4N-TN	100	150	6		
PTP-2-64090-3KF4N-TN	90	PTP-2-64150-3HF4N-TN	150	180	6		
PTP-2-74110-3KF4N-TN	110	PTP-2-74175-3HF4N-TN	175	202	7		
PTP-2-74132-3KF4N-TN	132	PTP-2-74200-3HF4N-TN	200	240	7		
PTP-2-74160-3KF4N-TN	160	PTP-2-74250-3HF4N-TN	250	302	7		

2.6. Drive Model Numbers - IP66

Mechanical dimensions and mounting information are shown from section 3.5.3. IP66 Units on page 14. Electrical specifications are shown in section 10.2. Input/Output Power and Current Ratings on page 104.

200-240V ±10% - 1 Phase Input								
kW A	kW Model HP Model					.	F	
Non- Switched	Switched	kW	Non- Switched	Switched	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size	
PTP-2-22010- 1 HF4A-MN	PTP-2-22010- 1 HF4B-MN	0.75	PTP-2-22010- 1 HF4A-MN	PTP-2-22010- 1 HF4B-MN	1	4.3	2	

		200-2	40V ±10% - 1	Phase Input			
kW A	Nodel		HP M	Iodel		Output	Frame
Non- Switched	Switched	kW	Non- Switched	Switched	HP	Current (A)	Size
PTP-2-22020- 1HF4A-MN	PTP-2-22020- 1HF4B-MN	1.5	PTP-2-22020- 1 HF4A-MN	PTP-2-22020- 1HF4B-MN	2	7	2
PTP-2-22030- 1HF4A-MN	PTP-2-22030- 1HF4B-MN	2.2	PTP-2-22030- 1 HF4A-MN	PTP-2-22030- 1HF4B-MN	3	10.5	2
PTP-2-26050- 3HF4A-MN	PTP-2-26050- 3HF4B-MN	4	PTP-2-26050- 3HF4A-MN	PTP-2-26050- 3HF4B-MN	5	6.5	2
PTP-2-26075- 3HF4A-MN	PTP-2-26075- 3HF4B-MN	5.5	PTP-2-26075- 3HF4A-MN	PTP-2-26075- 3HF4B-MN	7.5	9	2
PTP-2-36100- 3HF4A-MN	PTP-2-36100- 3HF4B-MN	7.5	PTP-2-36100- 3HF4A-MN	PTP-2-36100- 3HF4B-MN	10	12	3
PTP-2-36150- 3HF4A-MN	PTP-2-36150- 3HF4B-MN	11	ptp-2-36150- 3hf4A-MN	PTP-2-36150- 3HF4B-MN	15	17	3
PTP-2-36200- 3HF4A-MN	PTP-2-36200- 3HF4B-MN	15	PTP-2-36200- 3HF4A-MN	PTP-2-36200- 3HF4B-MN	20	22	3
	;	380-4	80V ±10% - 3	Phase Input			
kW A	Nodel		НР <i>М</i>	lodel		• • •	_
Non- Switched	Switched	kW	Non- Switched	Switched	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size
PTP-2-24010- 3HF4A-MN	PTP-2-24010- 3HF4B-MN	0.75	PTP-2-24010- 3HF4A-MN	PTP-2-24010- 3HF4B-MN	1	2.2	2
PTP-2-24020- 3HF4A-MN	PTP-2-24020- 3HF4B-MN	1.5	PTP-2-24020- 3HF4A-MN	PTP-2-24020- 3HF4B-MN	2	4.1	2
PTP-2-24030- 3HF4A-MN	PTP-2-24030- 3HF4B-MN	2.2	PTP-2-24030- 3HF4A-MN	PTP-2-24030- 3HF4B-MN	3	5.8	2
PTP-2-24050- 3HF4A-MN	PTP-2-24050- 3HF4B-MN	4	PTP-2-24050- 3HF4A-MN	PTP-2-24050- 3HF4B-MN	5	9.5	2
PTP-2-34075- 3HF4A-MN	PTP-2-34075- 3HF4B-MN	5.5	PTP-2-34075- 3HF4A-MN	PTP-2-34075- 3HF4B-MN	7.5	14	3
PTP-2-34100- 3HF4A-MN	PTP-2-34100- 3HF4B-MN	7.5	PTP-2-34100- 3HF4A-MN	PTP-2-34100- 3HF4B-MN	10	18	3
PTP-2-34150- 3HF4A-MN	PTP-2-34150- 3HF4B-MN	11	PTP-2-34150- 3HF4A-MN	PTP-2-34150- 3HF4B-MN	15	24	3

3. Mechanical Installation

3.1. General

- The PT Series should be mounted in a vertical position only, on a flat, flame resistant, vibration free mounting using the integral mounting holes or DIN Rail clip (Frame Size 2 only).
- Do not mount flammable material close to the PT Series.
- Ensure that the minimum cooling air gaps, as detailed in sections 3.6. Guidelines for Enclosure Mounting (IP20 Units) on page 16, 3.8. Guidelines for Mounting (IP55 Units) on page 18 and 3.9. Guidelines for Mounting (IP66 Units) on page 19 are left clear.
- Ensure that the ambient temperature range does not exceed the permissible limits for the PT Series given in section 10.1. Environmental on page 104.
- Provide suitable clean, moisture and contaminant free cooling air sufficient to fulfil the cooling requirements of the PT Series.

3.2. Before Installation

- Carefully Unpack the PT Series and check for any signs of damage. Notify the shipper immediately if any exist.
- Check the drive rating label to ensure it is of the correct type and power requirements for the application.
- To prevent accidental damage always store the PT Series in its original box until required. Storage should be clean and dry and within the temperature range -40°C to +60°C.

3.3. UL Compliant Installation

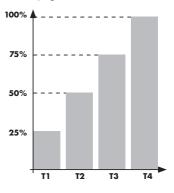
Note the following for UL-compliant installation :

- For an up to date list of UL compliant products, please refer to UL listing NMMS.E226333.
- The drive can be operated within an ambient temperature range as stated in section 10.1. Environmental on page 104.
- For IP20 units, installation is required in a pollution degree 1 environment.
- For IP55 units, installation in a pollution degree 2 environment is permissible.
- For IP66 units, installation in a pollution degree 4 environment is permissible.
- UL Listed ring terminals / lugs must be used for all bus bar and grounding connections.

Refer to section 10.4. Additional Information for UL Approved Installations on page 106.

3.4. Installation Following a Period of Storage

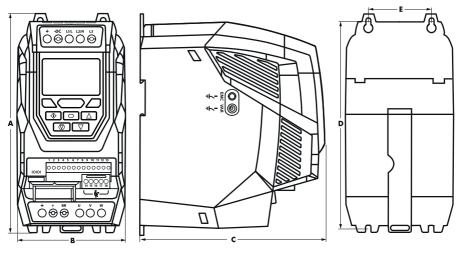
Where the drive has been stored for some time prior to installation, or has remained without the main power supply present for an extended period of time, it is necessary to reform the DC capacitors within the drive according to the following table before operation. For drives which have not been connected to the main power supply for a period of more than 2 years, this requires a reduced mains voltage mains voltage to be applied for a time period, and gradually increased prior to operating the drive. The voltage levels relative to the drive rated voltage, and the time periods for which they must be applied are shown in the following table. Following completion of the procedure, the drive may be operated as normal.



Storage Period / Power- OFF Period	Initial Input Vol- tage Level	Time Period T1	Secon- dary Input Voltage Level	Time Period T2	Third Input Voltage Level	Time Period T3	Final Input Vol- tage Level	Time Period T4
Up to 1 Year	100%				N/A			
1 – 2 Years	100%	1 Hour			N/A	Ą		
2 – 3 Years	25%	30 Minutes	50%	30 Minutes	75%	30 Minutes	100%	30 Minutes
More than 3 Years	25%	2 Hours	50%	2 Hours	75%	2 Hours	100%	2 Hours

3.5. Mechanical Dimensions and Weight

3.5.1. IP20 Units

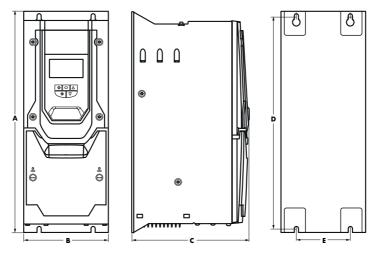


Drive	Drive A		A B C		c	D		E		Weight		
Size	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	Kg	lb
2	221	8.70	110	4.33	185	7.28	209	8.23	63	2.48	1.8	4.0
3	261	10.28	131	5.16	205	8.07	247	9.72	80	3.15	3.5	7.7
4	418	16.46	172	6.77	240	9.45	400	15.75	125	4.92	9.2	20.3
5	486	19.13	233	9.17	260	10.24	460	18.11	175	6.89	18.1	39.9
6A	614	24.17	286	11.25	320	12.59	578	22.75	200	7.87	32	70.5
6B	726	28.58	330	13	320	12.59	680	26.77	225	8.85	43	94.8
8	995	39.17	480	18.89	477	18.77	942	37.08	432	17	130	286.6

Μο	unting Bo	olts		Tightening	Torques	
Frame Size	Metric	UNF		Frame Size	Required	Torque
2	M4	#8	Control Terminals	All	0.5 Nm	4.5 lb-ir
3	M4	#8		2&3	1 Nm	9 lb-in
4	M8	5/16		4	2 Nm	18 lb-in
5	M8	5/16		5	4 Nm	35.5 lb-i
6A	M8	5/16	Power Terminals	6A	12 Nm	9 lb-ft
6B	M 10	3/8		6B	15 Nm	11 lb-ft
8	M 12	7/16		8	57 Nm	42 lb-f

*The IP20 Frame Size 4 Chassis can obstruct the rotation (tightening) of a bolt or screw with a hex head, a fixing with a round head will be most suitable for the mounting of this unit.

3.5.2. IP55 Units

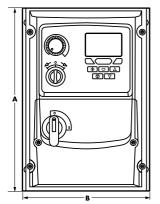


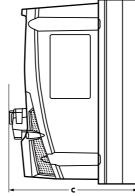
Drive	ļ	4		3		3)		•	We	ight
Size	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	kg	lb
4	450	17.72	171	6.73	252	9.92	428	16.85	110	4.33	11.5	25.4
5	540	21.26	235	9.25	270	10.63	515	20.28	175	6.89	23	50.7
6	865	34.06	330	12.99	330	12.99	830	32.68	200	7.87	55	121.2
7	1280	50.39	330	12.99	360	14.17	1245	49.02	200	7.87	89	196.2

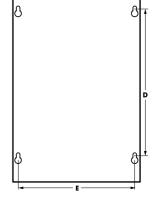
Mounting Bolts									
Frame Size	Metric	UNF							
4	M8	5/16							
5	M8	5/16							
6	M 10	3/8							
7	M 10	3/8							

	Tightening Torques										
	Frame Size	Require	d Torque								
Control Terminals	All	0.5 Nm	4.5 lb-in								
	4	2 Nm	18 lb-in								
Power	5	4 Nm	35.5 lb-in								
Terminals	6	15 Nm	11 lb-ft								
	7	15 Nm	11 lb-ft								

3.5.3. IP66 Units







Drive		4		3		C	Ľ)			We	ight
Size	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	kg	Ib
2	257	10.12	188	7.40	239	9.41	200	7.87	178	7.01	4.8	10.6
3	310	12.20	211	8.29	266	10.47	252	9.90	200	7.87	7.7	16.8

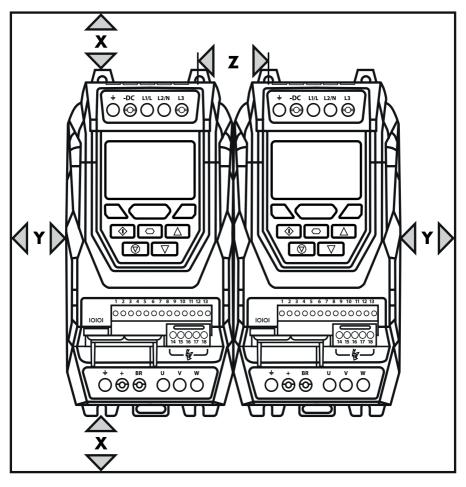
Mc	ounting Bol	ts		Tightening Torques			
Frame Size	Metric	UNF		Frame Size	Require	ed Torque	
2	M4	#8	Control Terminals	All	0.5 Nm	4.5 lb-in	
3	M4	#8	Power Terminals	2&3	1 Nm	9 lb-in	

3.6. Guidelines for Enclosure Mounting (IP20 Units)

• IP20 drives are suitable for use in pollution degree 1 environments, according to IEC-664-1. For pollution degree 2 or higher environments, drives should be mounted in a suitable control cabinet with sufficient ingress protection to maintain a pollution degree 1 environment around the drive.

- Enclosures should be made from a thermally conductive material.
- Ensure the minimum air gap clearances around the drive as shown below are observed when mounting the drive.
- Where ventilated enclosures are used, there should be venting above the drive and below the drive to ensure good air circulation. Air should be drawn in below the drive and expelled above the drive.
- In any environments where the conditions require it, the enclosure must be designed to protect the
 PT Series against ingress of airborne dust, corrosive gases or liquids, conductive contaminants (such as
 condensation, carbon dust, and metallic particles) and sprays or splashing water from all directions.
- High moisture, salt or chemical content environments should use a suitably sealed (non-vented) enclosure.

The enclosure design and layout should ensure that the adequate ventilation paths and clearances are left to allow air to circulate through the drive heatsink. J.K. Fenner recommend the following minimum sizes for drives mounted in non-ventilated metallic enclosures :



Drive	X Drive Above & Below		Y Either Side		_	Z veen	Recommended airflow		
Size	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	m3/ min	CFM	
2	75	2.95	10	0.39	46	1.81	0.3	11	
3	100	3.94	10	0.39	52	2.05	0.9	31	
4	200	7.87	25	0.98	70	2.76	1.7	62	
5	200	7.87	25	0.98	70	2.76	2.9	104	
6A	200	7.87	25	0.98	70	2.76			
6B	200	7.87	25	0.98	70	2.76			
8	350	11.81	50	3.94	412	16.22	20	705	

Dimension Z assumes that the drives are mounted side-by-side with no clearance.

Typical drive heat losses are <3% of operating load conditions.

Above are guidelines only and the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained at all times.

3.7. Mounting the Drive - IP20 Units

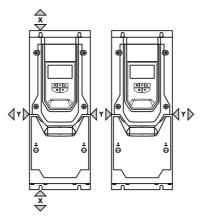
- IP20 Units are intended for installation within a control cabinet.
- When mounting with screws :
 - o Using the drive as a template, or the dimensions shown above, mark the locations for drilling.
 - o Ensure that when mounting locations are drilled, the dust from drilling does not enter the drive.
 - o Mount the drive to the cabinet backplate using suitable mounting screws.
 - o Position the drive, and tighten the mounting screws securely.
- When Din Rail Mounting (Frame Size 2 Only) :
 - o Locate the DIN rail mounting slot on the rear of the drive onto the top of the DIN rail first.
 - o Press the bottom of the drive onto the DIN rail until the lower clip attaches to the DIN rail.
 - o If necessary, use a suitable flat blade screw driver to pull the DIN rail clip down to allow the drive to mount securely on the rail.
 - o To remove the drive from the DIN rail, use a suitable flat blade screwdriver to pull the release tab downwards, and lift the bottom of the drive away from the rail first.

3.8. Guidelines for Mounting (IP55 Units)

- Before mounting the drive, ensure that the chosen location meets the environmental condition requirements for the drive shown in section 10.1. Environmental on page 104.
- The drive must be mounted vertically, on a suitable flat surface.
- The minimum mounting clearances as shown in the table below must be observed.
- The mounting site and chosen mountings should be sufficient to support the weight of the drives.

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- IP55 units do not require mounting inside an electrical control cabinet; however they may be if desired.
- Using the drive as a template, or the dimensions shown above, mark the locations required for drilling.
- Suitable cable glands to maintain the IP protection of the drive are required. Gland sizes should be selected based on the number and size of the required connection cables. Drives are supplied with a plain, undrilled gland plate to allow the correct hole sizes to be cut as required. Remove the gland plate from the drive prior to drilling.



	X – Above	e & Below	Y –Either Side		
Drive Size	mm	in	mm	in	
4	200	7.87	10	0.39	
5	200	7.87	10	0.39	
6	200	7.87	10	0.39	
7	200	7.87	10	0.39	

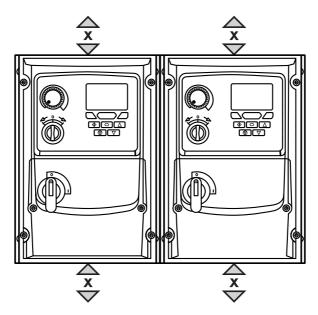
Typical drive heat losses are approximately 3% of operating load conditions.

Above are guidelines only and the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained at all times.

3.9. Guidelines for Mounting (IP66 Units)

- Before mounting the drive, ensure that the chosen location meets the environmental condition requirements for the drive shown in section 10.1. Environmental on page 104.
- The drive must be mounted vertically, on a suitable flat surface.
- The minimum mounting clearances as shown in the table below must be observed.
- The mounting site and chosen mountings should be sufficient to support the weight of the drives.
- Using the drive as a template, or the dimensions shown below, mark the locations required for drilling.
- Suitable cable glands to maintain the ingress protection of the drive are required. Gland holes for power and motor cables are pre-moulded into the drive enclosure, recommended gland sizes are shown below. Gland holes for control cables may be cut as required.

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Drive		X & Below	Cable Gland Sizes					
Size	mm	in	Frame	Control Cables				
2&3	200	7.87	2&3	PG21 (M25)	PG21 (M25)	PG13.5 (M20)		

Typical drive heat losses are approximately 3% of operating load conditions.

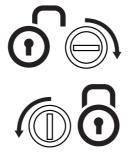
Above are guidelines only and the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained at all times.

Alternative metric gland sizes are shown in the brackets.

3.10. Removing the Terminal Cover

3.10.1. Frame Sizes 2 &

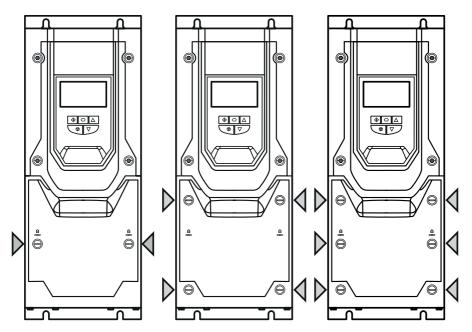




Terminal Cover Release Screws

Using a suitable flat blade screwdriver, rotate retaining screws indicated by arrows until the screw slot is vertical.

3.10.2. Frame Size 4 3.10.3. Frame Size 5 3.10.4. Frame Sizes 6 & 7



3.11. Routine Maintenance

The drive should be included within the scheduled maintenance program so that the installation maintains a suitable operating environment, this should include :

- Ambient temperature is at or below that set out in section 10.1. Environmental on page 104.
- Heat sink fans freely rotating and dust free.
- The Enclosure in which the drive is installed should be free from dust and condensation; furthermore ventilation fans and air filters should be checked for correct air flow.

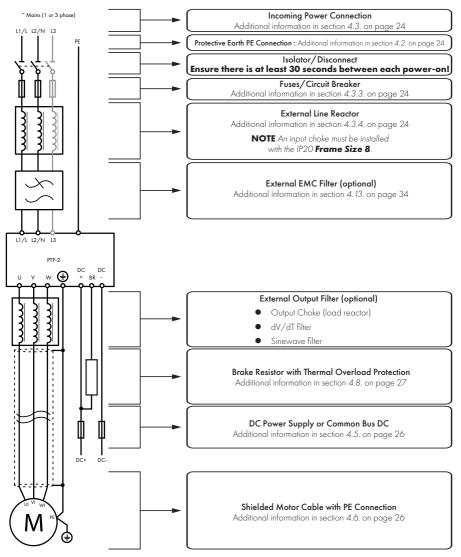
Checks should also be made on all electrical connections, ensuring screw terminals are correctly torqued; and that power cables have no signs of heat damage.

4. Electrical Installation

4.1. Connection Diagram

All power terminal locations are marked directly on the product. IP20 Frame Size 2 – 4 units have AC power input located at the top with the motor and brake resistor connections located at the bottom. All other units have power terminals located at the bottom.

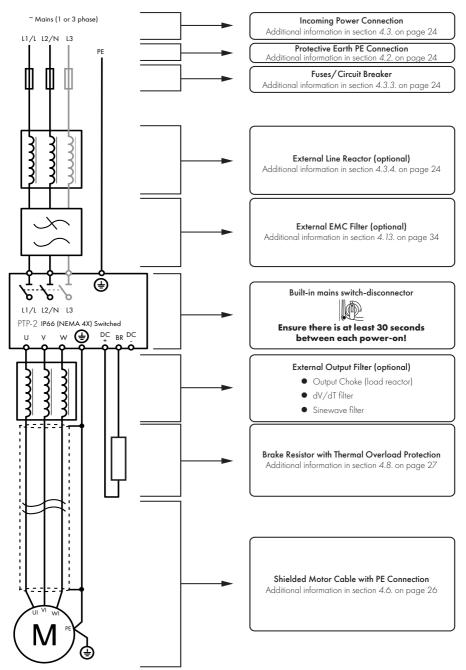
4.1.1. Electrical Power Connections



NOTE Enclosed drives are not suitable for rigid conduit system connection.

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4.1.2. Electrical Power Connections – IP66 (NEMA 4X) Switched Models



4.2. Protective Earth (PE) Connection

4.2.1. Grounding Guidelines

Adequate safety earthing must be provided in accordance with local wiring rules and codes of practice. The ground terminal of each PT Series should be connected back to the common safety earth bar to maintain touch potentials within safe limits. The ground terminal of each PT Series should be individually connected DIRECTLY to the site ground bus bar (through the EMC filter if installed). PT Series ground connections should not loop from one drive to another, or to, or from any other equipment. Ground impedance must conform to local industrial safety regulations and/or electrical codes.

To meet UL regulations, UL approved ring crimp terminals should be used for all ground wiring connections.

The integrity of all ground connections should be checked periodically.

4.2.2. Protective Earth Conductor

The Cross sectional area of the PE Conductor must be at least equal to that of the incoming supply conductors.

4.2.3. Motor Ground

The driven motor must be locally connected to a suitable ground location to maintain touch potentials within safe limits. In addition, the motor ground must be connected to one of the ground terminals on the drive.

4.2.4. Ground Fault Monitoring

As with all inverters, a leakage current to earth can exist. The PT Series is designed to produce the minimum possible leakage current whilst complying with worldwide standards. The level of current is affected by motor cable length and type, the effective switching frequency, the earth connections used and the type of RFI filter installed. If an ELCB (Earth Leakage Circuit Breaker) is to be used, the following conditions apply :

- A Type B Device must be used.
- Individual device should be used for each PT Series.
- The device must be suitable for protecting equipment with a DC component in the leakage current.
- The device should be not sensitive to high frequency leakage current.

4.2.5. Shield Termination (Cable Screen)

The safety ground terminal provides a grounding point for the motor cable shield. The motor cable shield connected to this terminal (drive end) should also be connected to the motor frame (motor end). Use a shield terminating or EMI clamp to connect the shield to the safety ground terminal, refer to section 4.13. EMC Compliant Installation on page 34.

4.3. Incoming Power Connection

NOTE For IP20 Frame Size 8 it is important that the input supply phase orientation is correct, i.e. L1>L1, L2>L2, L3>L3, failure to do so will result in a "*Ph*-5E9" trip.



Ensure there is at least 30 seconds between each power-on.

4.3.1. Suitability

All PT Series P2 models are designed for use on a single phase or balanced three phase supply depending on the model.

For all models and ratings when working with an IT Supply network, or any power supply type where the phase to earth voltage may exceed the phase to phase voltage (such as ungrounded supplies), the internal EMC filter and surge protection must be disconnected before connecting the supply. Refer to section 10.6. Internal EMC Filter and Varistors – Disconnection Procedure on page 108 for further information.

For three phase supply models, a maximum of 3% imbalance is allowed between phases.

4.3.2. Cable Selection

- For 1 phase ac supply, power should be connected to L1/L, L2/N.
- For a DC Supply, the main power cables should be connected to L1/L, L2/N.
- For 3 phase ac supplies, the mains power cables should be connected to L1, L2, and L3. Phase sequence is not important. Neutral connection is not required.

For compliance with CE and C Tick EMC requirements, refer to section 4.13. EMC Compliant Installation on page 34.

- A fixed installation is required according to IEC61800-5-1 with a suitable disconnecting device installed between the PT Series and the main Power Source. The disconnecting device must conform to the local safety code / regulations (e.g. within Europe, EN60204-1, Safety of machinery).
- The cables should be dimensioned according to any local codes or regulations. Maximum dimensions for each drive model are given in section 10.2. Input/Output Power and Current Ratings on page 104.

4.3.3. Fuse / Circuit Breaker Selection

- Suitable fuses to provide wiring protection of the input power cable should be installed in the incoming supply line, according to the data in section 10.2. Input/Output Power and Current Ratings on page 104.
- The fuses must comply with any local codes or regulations in place. In general, type gG (IEC 60269) or UL type J fuses are suitable (exception : Eaton Bussmann FWP series must be used for size 6A & 6B IP20 models); however in some cases type aR fuses may be required. The operating time of the fuses must be below 0.5 seconds.
- Where allowed by local regulations, suitably dimensioned type B MCB circuit breakers of equivalent rating may be utilised in place of fuses, providing that the clearing capacity is sufficient for the installation.
- The maximum permissible short circuit current at the PT Series Power terminals as defined in IEC60439-1 is 100kA.
- The PT Series provides thermal and short circuit protection for the connected motor and motor cable.

4.3.4. Input Choke

An optional Input Choke is recommended to be installed in the supply line for drives where any of the following conditions occur :

• The incoming supply impedance is low or the fault level / short circuit current is high.

NOTE For IP20 Frame Size 8 the input current level will vary according to supply impedance. At minimum a 1% line choke must be installed. Installing a 4% line choke further helps towards minimising harmonic current distortion and total current levels. 1% and 4% line chokes are available.

- The supply is prone to dips or brown outs.
- An unbalanced supply system is used (3 phase drives) where the voltage levels during on load operation exceed the designed 3% capacity of the PT Series.
- The power supply to the drive is via a busbar and brush gear system (typically overhead Cranes).

In all other installations, an input choke is recommended to ensure protection of the drive against power supply faults.

4.4. Operation of 3 Phase drives from a Single Phase Supply

A special function of PT Series P2 allows all drives designed for operation on 3 phase supplies to be operated on a single phase supply of the correct rated voltage at up to 50% of the nominal capacity.

For Example, Model Number PTP-2-64450-3KA4N can be operated on a single phase supply, 380 – 480 volts, with the maximum output current limited to 45 Amps.

The supply must be connected to the L1 and L2 terminals of the drive.

4.5. Operation with DC Power Supply or Common DC Bus

PT Series P2 models provide terminals to directly connect to the DC Bus for applications which require this. For further information on using the DC Bus connections, please refer to your J.K. Fenner sales Partner.

4.6. Motor Connection

- The drive inherently produces fast switching of the output voltage (PWM) to the motor compared with
 operation of the motor directly from the mains supply. Most modern industrial motors are wound for
 operation with a variable speed drive and will have insulation rated accordingly. However, on some
 motors the quality of insulation may be insufficient or unknown. In such cases the motor manufacturer
 should be consulted and preventative measures may be required prior to operating with the drive.
- The motor should be connected to the PT Series U, V, and W terminals using a suitable 3 or 4 core cable. Where a 3 core cable is utilised, with the shield operating as an earth conductor, the shield must have a cross sectional area at least equal to the phase conductors when they are made from the same material. Where a 4 core cable is utilised, the earth conductor must be of at least equal cross sectional area and manufactured from the same material as the phase conductors.
- Automatic switchgear should not be installed between the drive output and the motor, opening and closing contacts in this circuit whilst the drive is energised will inevitably reduce the lifetime of the drive and could cause product failure. If an isolator is required to be placed between the drive and the motor in order to comply with local regulations, the device must not be operated when the drive is running.
- For compliance with the European EMC directive, a suitable screened (shielded) cable should be used. Braided or twisted type screened cable where the screen covers at least 85% of the cable surface area, designed with low impedance to HF signals are recommended as a minimum. Installation within a suitable steel or copper tube is generally also acceptable.

The motor earth must be connected to one of the PT Series earth terminals to provide a low impedance path for common mode leakage current to return to the drive. This is best achieved in practice by using a cable with suitable shielding which provides a low impedance path at high frequencies, and ensuring correct, low impedance earth bonding of the motor cable at both ends. For further information, refer to section 4.13. *EMC Compliant Installation* on page 34.

4.7. Motor Terminal Box Connections

Most general purpose motors are wound for operation on dual voltage supplies. This is indicated on the nameplate of the motor. This operational voltage is normally selected when installing the motor by selecting either STAR or DELTA connection. STAR always gives the higher of the two voltage ratings.

Incoming Supply Voltage	Motor Nameplate Voltages	Connection		
230	230 / 400	Delta \triangle Δ U V W		
400	230 / 400	Star A Star U V W		

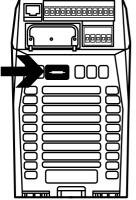
4.8. Connecting a Brake Resistor

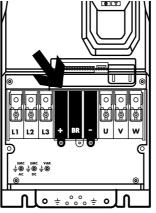
PT Series P2 units feature an internal brake transistor, fitted as standard for all models. The brake resistor should be connected to the DC+ and BR terminals of the drive. These terminals are shrouded, and the shrouding should be removed to access the terminals.

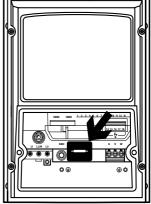
4.8.1. IP20 Drive Models

4.8.2. IP55 & IP66

Frame Sizes 2,3,4 & 5 Remove the plastic cover from the base of the drive as indicated. Remove the plastic cover from inside the drive as indicated. All frame sizes Remove the plastic cover from inside the drive as indicated. Image: the drive as indic





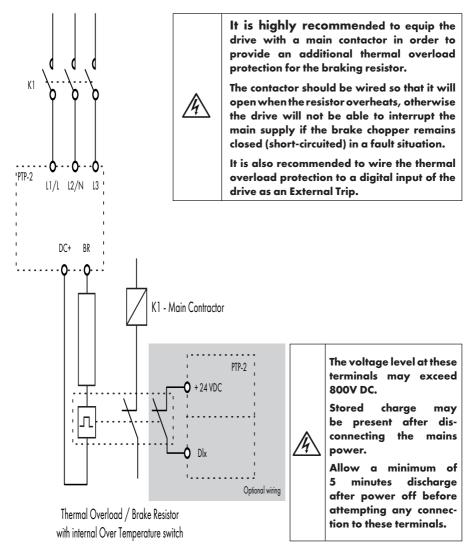


The brake transistor is enabled using P1-05 (Refer to section 6.2. Parameter Group 1 – Basic Parameters on page 46 for further information).

Software protection against brake resistor overload is carried out within the drive. For correct protection of the brake resistor, the following settings are required :

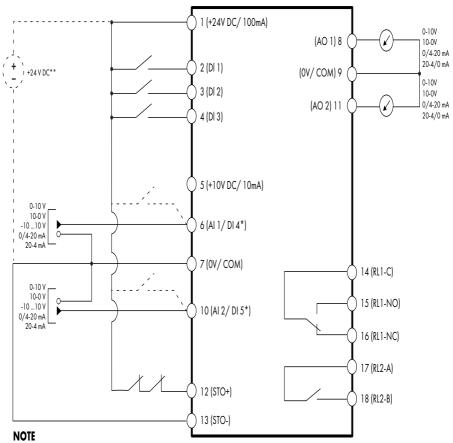
- Set P1-14 = 201 (where 201 is the default password setting for advanced parameter access).
- Enter the resistance of the brake resistor in P6-19 (Ohms).
- Enter the power of the brake resistor in P6-20 (kW).

Dynamic Brake Resistor with Thermal Overload Protection



4.9. Control Terminal Wiring

- All analog signal cables should be suitably shielded. Twisted pair cables are recommended.
- Power and Control Signal cables should be routed separately where possible, and must not be routed parallel to each other.
- Signal levels of different voltages e.g. 24 Volt DC and 110 Volt AC, should not be routed in the same cable.
- Maximum control terminal tightening torque is 0.5Nm.
- Control Cable entry conductor size : 0.05 2.5mm² / 30 12 AWG.



4.9.1. Control Connections

* Dashed lines shows connection for analog inputs in digital mode ** Optional external 24 V DC power supply

Кеу		Default F				
		Open	Closed	Sec.	Page	
1	+24V DC	24 Volt DC Input / Output	On-board +24V DC Supply (100mA) or External 24V DC Input		4.10.1	31
2	DI 1	Digital Input 1 (Run Enable)	STOP	run	4.10.2	31
3	DI 2	Digital Input 2	FORWARD	REVERSE	4.10.2	31
4	DI 3	Digital Input 3	P1-12 Reference	Preset Speeds	4.10.2	31
5	+10V DC	+10Volt DC Output	On-board + 10V DC Supply (10 mA)			
6	AI 1 / DI 4	Analog Input 1 / Digital Input 4	Speed Reference	ce 1 (0-10V)	4.10.3	31
7	OV / COM	0 Volt Common	OV Common for A	I/AO/DI/DO		
8	AO 1	Analog Output 1	Motor Spee	d (0-10V)	4.10.4	31
9	OV / COM	0 Volt Common	OV Common for AI/AO/DI/DO			
10	AI 2 / DI 5	Analog Input 2 / Digital Input 5	P2-01 Speed Ref.	P2-02 Speed Ref.	4.10.3	31
11	AO2	Analog Output 2	Motor Current (0-10V)		4.10.4	31
12	STO+	STO + 24V DC Connection	InHibit	Run Permit	4.14	36
13	sto-	STO 0 Volt Connection				
14	rl1-com	Auxiliary Relay Output 1 Common			4.10.5	31
15	rl1-no	Auxiliary Relay Output 1 Normally Open	Drive Healthy	Drive Faulty	4.10.5	31
16	rl1-NC	Auxiliary Relay Output 2 Normally Closed	Drive Faulty	Drive Healthy	4.10.5	31
17	RL2-A	Auxiliary Relay Output 2			4.10.5	31
18	RL2-B	Auxiliary Relay Output 2	Drive Stopped	Drive Running	4.10.5	31

NOTE Digital Inputs : Logic High = 8-30V DC (30V DC max) Analog Outputs : 0 – 10 Volt / 4-20mA (20mA max)

SAFE TORQUE OFF input : Logic High = 18-30V DC (Also refer to section 4.14. Safe Torque Off)

4.10. Control Terminal Connections

Example connection schematics are provided in section 7.3. Example Connection Schematics on page 56.

4.10.1. +24V DC Input / Output

When the mains power is applied to the drive, terminal 1 provides a +24V DC output, maximum load 100mA. This may be used to activate digital inputs or provide power to sensors.

When no mains power is applied to the drive, the drive control electronics may be powered from an external +24V DC source. When powered in this way, all analog and digital I/O and communication functions remain operative, however the motor may not be operated, which allows safe testing and commissioning of the installation without risk of high voltage being present. When powered in this way, the drive requires up to 100mA.

4.10.2. Digital Inputs

Up to five digital inputs are available. The function of the inputs is defined by parameters P1-12 and P1-13, which are explained in section *7. Control Terminal Functions* on page 50.

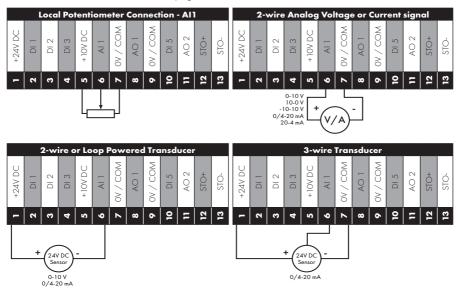
4.10.3. Analog Inputs

Two analog inputs are available, which may also be used as digital Inputs if required. The signal formats are selected by parameters as follows :

- Analog Input 1 Format Selection Parameter P2-30.
- Analog Input 2 Format Selection Parameter P2-33.

These parameters are described more fully in section 8.1. Parameter Group 2 - Extended Parameters on page 61.

The function of the analog input, e.g. for speed reference or PID feedback for example is defined by parameters P1-12 and P1-13. The function of these parameters and available options are described in section 7. Control Terminal Functions on page 50.



4.10.4. Analog Outputs

Two analog outputs are available, and may be used for 0 – 10 Volt Signal (max load 20mA), 0 – 20mA, 4 – 20mA or a digital +24Volt DC, 20mA output. The parameters to select function and format are as follows.

Analog Output	Function selected by	Format selected by
Analog Output 1	P2-11	P2-12
Analog Output 2	P2-13	P2-14

These parameters are described more fully in section 8.1. Parameter Group 2 - Extended Parameters on page 61.

4.10.5. Auxiliary Relay Outputs

Two relay outputs are available, which are intended to be used to switch external resistive loads up to 5A at 230V AC or 30V DC.

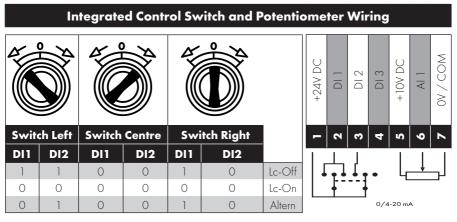
Relay 1 has both normally open and normally closed contacts available. Relay 2 provides a simple open or closed contact.

The relay output function may be configured using parameters P2-15 and P2-18, which are described in section 8.1. Parameter Group 2 - Extended Parameters on page 61.

4.11. IP66 Switched Version Integrated Control Switch and Potentiometer Wiring

PT Series P2 is optionally available with an integrated mains switch-disconnector and front mounted control switch and potentiometer. This allows the drive to be operated directly from the front control panel, whilst also providing for options such as Hand / Auto or Local / Remote Control etc.

The integrated switch in IP66 Outdoor models operates in parallel with drive terminal 2 (T2) and terminal 3 (T3) as digital input 1 and digital input 2. By default, the integrated switch is enabled.



4.11.1. Disabling built-in switches

If required, the built-in control switch may be disabled using the following method :

1) Ensure the drive is stopped (Display shows "Stop").

- 2) Enable Advanced Parameter Access by setting the correct value in P1-14 (default : 201).
- 3) Scroll down to parameter PO-01 (Display shows PO-01).
- 4) Press and hold "STOP" button for >1s, drive will show :

IP66 Switch Setup

2 : Pos >>DI1, Pos<<DI2

- 1: Switch disabled
- O : Pos >>DI1, Pos <<DI1&2

5) Use "UP" or "DOWN" key to select the option :

0: Pos >>DI1, Pos <<DI1&2 means integrated switches are enabled.

1 : Switch disabled means the switches are locked/disabled.

2 : Pos >>DI1, Pos<<DI2 means that Revers direction is disabled via built-in switch (can be unlocked via external enable signal connected to DI1 – terminal 2).

6) Press the "STOP" button again to exit.

4.12. Motor Thermal Overload Protection

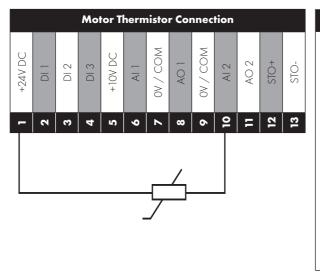
4.12.1. Internal Thermal Overload Protection

PT Series P2 has internal motor overload protection (current limit) set at 150% of FLC. This level may be adjusted using P4-07.

The drive has an in-built motor thermal overload function; this is in the form of an "I.I-trP" trip after delivering >100% of the value set in P1-08 for a sustained period of time (e.g. 150% for 60 seconds).

4.12.2. Motor Thermistor Connection

Where a motor thermistor is to be used, it should be connected as follows :



Additional Information

- Compatible Thermistor: PTC Type, 2.5kΩ trip level.
- Use a setting of P1-13 that has DI5/Al2 function as E-TRIP "External Trip", e.g. P1-13 = 6. Refer to section 7.2. Digital Input Configuration Parameter P1-13 on page <OV> for further details.
- Enable the Motor PTC Thermistor Input function in parameter P2-33.

4.13. EMC Compliant Installation

Control cables wisted-Pair shielded cables for analog M control and mot feedback signals æ For Best-Practice use 360° bonding EMC cable gland shielded tor chassis to m J V W PI Fuse / MCB Cable shield exp and 360° cla mped to Te. grounded metal plate or PE ar. All other 360° bondii methods are acceptable Control cables Mains - supply Mo tor cable 3-phase and PE shielded cable. Maintain shield as far as possible along the cable

4.13.1. Recommended Installation for EMC Compliance

4.13.2. Recommended Cable Types by EMC Category

Number of	Rated Supply	Frame	IP rating	Maximum Motor Cable Length to Achieve			
Input Phases	Voltage	Size	Ĵ	C1 _{1, 2, 5, 6, 8}	C2 3, 5, 6, 8	C3 4, 7, 8	
1	230	2	IP20, IP66	1 (5)	5 (25)	25 (100)	
	230	2, 3	IP20, IP66	1 (5)	5 (25)	25 (100)	
		4, 5	IP20, IP55	1 (5)	5 (25)	25 (100)	
3		4,5	IP55	-	-	25 (100)	
		6A, 6B	IP20	-	100	100	
		6, 7	IP55	-	-	25 (100)	
	400	2, 3	IP20, IP66	1 (5)	5 (25)	25 (100)	
		4, 5	IP20, IP55	1 (5)	5 (25)	25 (100)	
3		4,5	IP55	-	-	25 (100)	
		6A, 6B	IP20	-	100	100	
		6, 7	IP55	-	-	25 (100)	
		8	IP20	-	-	25	

NOTE

• Data in brackets shows permissible cable length with additional external EMC filter.

General

¹ Compliance with category C1 conducted emissions only is achieved.

Supply Cable

- ² A screened (shielded) cable suitable for fixed installation with the relevant mains voltage in use. Braided or twisted type screened cable where the screen covers at least 85% of the cable surface area, designed with low impedance to HF signals. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable.
- ³ A cable suitable for fixed installation with relevant mains voltage with a concentric protection wire. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable – in this case, ensure that metal tube is adequately grounded.
- ⁴ A cable suitable for fixed installation with relevant mains voltage. A shielded type cable is not necessary.

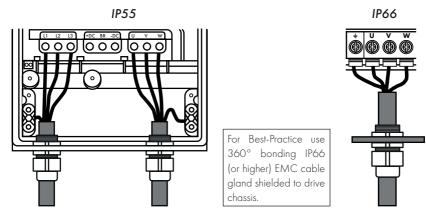
Motor Cable

- ⁵ A screened (shielded) cable suitable for fixed installation with the relevant voltage in use. Braided or twisted type screened cable where the screen covers at least 85% of the cable surface area, designed with low impedance to HF signals. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable - in this case, ensure that metal tube is adequately grounded.
- ⁶ The cable shield should be terminated at the motor end using an EMC type gland allowing connection to the motor body through the largest possible surface area. The shield must also be terminated at the drive end, as close as practically possible to the drive output terminals. Where drives are mounted in a steel control panel enclosure, the cable screen may be terminated directly to the control panel backplate using a suitable EMC clamp or gland fitted as close to the drive as possible. The drive earth terminal must also be connected directly to this point, using a suitable cable which provides low impedance to high frequency currents. For IP55 and IP66 drives, connect the motor cable shield to the gland plate or internal ground clamp.
- ⁷ A cable suitable for fixed installation with relevant mains voltage with a concentric protection wire. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable.

Control Cable

⁸ A shielded cable with low impedance shield. Twisted pair cable is recommended for analog signals.

4.13.3. Enclosed Drives Recommended Cable Connections



4.14. Safe Torque Off

Safe Torque OFF will be referred to as "STO" through the remainder of this section.

4.14.1. Responsibilities

The overall system designer is responsible for defining the requirements of the overall "Safety Control System" within which the drive will be incorporated; furthermore the system designer is responsible for ensuring that the complete system is risk assessed and that the "Safety control System" requirements have been entirely met and that the function is fully verified, this must include confirmation testing of the "STO" function before drive commissioning.

The system designer shall determine the possible risks and hazards within the system by carrying out a thorough risk and hazard analysis, the outcome of the analysis should provide an estimate of the possible hazards, furthermore determine the risk levels and identify any needs for risk reduction. The "STO" function should be evaluated to ensure it can sufficiently meet the risk level required.

4.14.2. What STO Provides

The purpose of the "STO" function is to provide a method of preventing the drive from creating torque in the motor in the absence of the "STO" input signals (Terminal 12 with respect to Terminal 13), this allows the drive to be incorporated into a complete safety control system where "STO" requirements need to be fulfilled.¹

The "STO" function can typically eliminate the need for electro-mechanical contactors with cross-checking auxiliary contacts as per normally required to provide safety functions.²

The drive has the "STO" function built-in as standard and complies with the definition of "Safe torque off" as defined by IEC 61800-5-2 : 2007.

The "STO" function also corresponds to an uncontrolled stop in accordance with category 0 (Emergency Off), of IEC 60204-1. This means that the motor will coast to a stop when the "STO" function is activated, this method of stopping should be confirmed as being acceptable to the system the motor is driving.

The "STO" function is recognised as a fail-safe method even in the case where the "STO" signal is absent and a single fault within the drive has occurred, the drive has been proven in respect of this by meeting the following safety standards:

	SIL (Safety Integrity Level)	PFHD (Probability of dangerous Failures per Hour)		· ·	SFF afe failure raction %)	Lifetime assumed	
EN 61800-5-2	2	1.23E-09 1/h (0.12 % of SIL 2)			50	20 Yrs	
	PL (Perform Leve		CCF (%) (Common Cau Failure)	Ise	MTTFd	Category	
EN ISO 13849-1	PL d		1		4525a	3	
SILCL							
EN 62061		SILCL 2					

NOTE The values achieved above maybe jeopardised if the drive is installed outside of the Environmental limits detailed in section 10.1. Environmental.

4.14.3. What STO Does Not Provide

Disconnect and ISOLATE the drive before attempting any work on it. The "STO" function does not prevent high voltages from being present at the drive power terminals.

¹ **NOTE** The "STO" function does not prevent the drive from an unexpected re-start. As soon as the "STO" inputs receive the relevant signal it is possible (subject to parameter settings) to restart automatically, Based on this, the function should not be used for carrying out short-term non-electrical machinery operations (such as cleaning or maintenance work).



² **NOTE** In some applications additional measures may be required to fulfil the systems safety function needs : the "STO" function does not provide motor braking. In the case where motor braking is required a time delay safety relay and/or a mechanical brake arrangement or similar method should be adopted, consideration should be made over the required safety function when braking as the drive braking circuit alone cannot be relied upon as a fail safe method.

When using permanent magnet motors and in the unlikely event of multiple output power devices failing then the motor could effectively rotate the motor shaft by 180/p degrees (Where p denotes number of motor pole pairs).

4.14.4. "STO" Operation

When the "STO" inputs are energised, the "STO" function is in a standby state, if the drive is then given a "Start signal/command" (as per the start source method selected in P1-13) then the drive will start and operate normally.

When the "STO" inputs are de-energised then the STO Function is activated and stops the drive (Motor will coast), the drive is now in "Safe Torque Off" mode.

To get the drive out of "Safe Torque Off" mode then any "Fault messages" need to be reset and the drive "STO" input needs to be re-energised.

4.14.5. "STO" Status and Monitoring

There are a number of methods for monitoring the status of the "STO" input, these are detailed below :

Drive Display

In Normal drive operation (Mains AC power applied), when the drives "STO" input is de-energised ("STO" Function activated) the drive will highlight this by displaying "**InHibit**".

NOTE If the drive is in a tripped condition then the relevant trip will be displayed and not "InHibit".

Drive Output Relay

- Drive relay 1: Setting P2-15 to a value of "13" will result in relay opening when the "STO" function is activated.
- Drive relay 2 : Setting P2-18 to a value of "13" will result in relay opening when the "STO" function is activated.

"STO" Fault Codes

Fault Cod	e Code Number	Description	Corrective Action
"Sto-F"	29	A fault has been detected within either of the internal channels of the "STO" circuit.	Refer to your J.K. Fenner Sales Partner

4.14.6. "STO" Function Response Time

The total response time is the time from a safety related event occurring to the components (sum of) within the system responding and becoming safe. (Stop Category 0 in accordance with IEC 60204-1).

- The response time from the "STO" inputs being de-energised to the output of the drive being in a state that will not produce torque in the motor ("STO" active) is less than 1 ms.
- The response time from the "STO" inputs being de-energised to the "STO" monitoring status changing state is less than 20ms.
- The response time from the drive sensing a fault in the STO circuit to the drive displaying the fault on the display/Digital output showing drive not healthy is less than 20ms.

4.14.7. "STO" Electrical Installation



The "STO" wiring shall be protected from inadvertent short circuits or tampering which could lead to failure of the "STO" input signal, further guidance is given in the diagrams below.

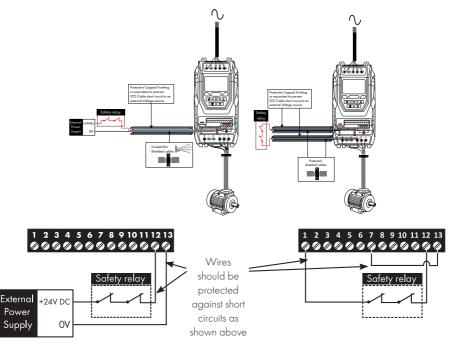
In addition to the wiring guidelines for the "STO" circuit below, section 4.13.1. Recommended Installation for EMC Compliance on page 34 should also be followed.

The drive should be wired as illustrated below; the 24V DC signal source applied to the "STO" input can be either from the 24V DC on the drive or from an External 24V DC power supply.

4.14.8. Recommended "STO" Wiring

Using an External 24V DC Power Supply





NOTE The Maximum cable length from Voltage source to the drive terminals should not exceed 25 mtrs.

4.14.9. External Power Supply Specification

Voltage Rating (Nominal)	24V DC		
STO Logic High	18-30V DC (Safe torque off in standby)		
Current Consumption (Maximum)	100mA		

4.14.10. Safety Relay Specification

The safety relay should be chosen so that at minimum it meets the safety standards that the drive meets.

Standard Requirements	SIL2 or PLd SC3 or better (With Forcibly guided Contacts)		
Number of Output Contacts	2 independent		
Switching Voltage Rating	30V DC		
Switching Current	100mA		

4.14.11. Enabling the "STO" Function

The "STO" function is always enabled in the drive regardless of operating mode or parameter changes made by the user.

4.14.12. Testing the "STO" Function

Before commissioning the system the "STO" function should always be tested for correct operation, this should include the following tests :

- With the motor at standstill, and a stop command given to the drive (as per the start source method selected in P1-13) :
 - o De-energise the "STO" inputs (Drive will display ""InHibit").
 - o Give a start command (as per the start source method selected in P1-13) and check that the drive still displays "Inhibit" and that the operation is in line with the section 4.14.4. "STO" Operation and section 4.14.5. "STO" Status and Monitoring.
- With the motor running normally (from the drive) :
 - o De-energise the "STO" inputs.
 - o Check that the drive displays "Inhibi" and that the motor stops and that the operation is in line with the section and section 4. 14.4. "STO" Operation and section 4. 14.5. "STO" Status and Monitoring.

4.14.13. "STO" Function Maintenance

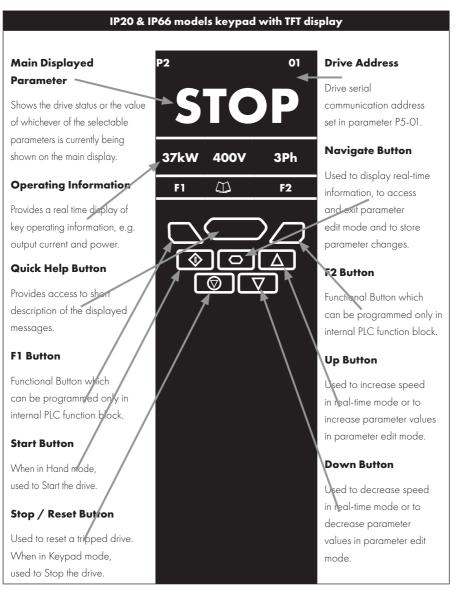
The "STO" function should be included within the control systems scheduled maintenance program so that the function is regularly tested for integrity (Minimum once per Year), furthermore the function should be integrity tested following any safety system modifications or maintenance work. If drive fault messages are observed refer to section 11.1. Fault Messages on page 110 for further guidance.

5. Keypad and Display Operation

The drive is configured and its operation monitored via the keypad and display.

5.1. Keypad and Display Layout

Control Keypad provides access to the drive parameters, and also allows control of the drive when Keypad Mode is selected in P1-12.





IP55 models keypad with OLED display

Main Displayed

Shows the drive status or the value of whichever of the selectable parameters is currently being shown on the main display.

Operating Information

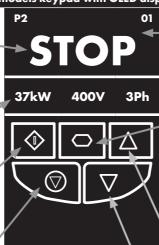
Provides a real time display of key operating information, e.g. output current and power.

Start Button

When in Hand mode, used to Start the drive.

Stop / Reset Putton

Used to reset a tripped drive. When in Keypad mode, used to Stop the drive.



Drive Address

Drive serial communication address set in parameter P5-01.

Navigate Button

Used to display real-time information, to access and exit parameter edit mode and to store parameter changes.

Up Button

Used to increase speed in real-time mode or to increase parameter values in parameter edit mode.

Down Button

Used to decrease speed in real-time mode or to decrease parameter values in parameter edit mode.

5.2. Selecting the Language on the TFT and OLED Display

P2		01	Select Language	Select Language
STOP			Español Deutsch	Español Deutsch
15kW	400V	3Ph	English	English
Hold down for >1 s.	the Start and	Up keys	Use the Up and Down arrows to select a language.	Press the Navigate button to select.

5.2.1. Operating Displays

Inhibit / STO Active	Inhibit / Drive S		Drive Running Output Frequency Display		Drive Running Output Current Display		Drive Running Motor Power Display		Drive Running Motor Speed Display		
			TFT and C	DLED Dis	splay :						
P2 01	1 P2 01		Output Frequency 01			Motor Current 01		Motor Power 01		Motor Speed 01	
INHIBIT	STOP		23.7Hz		15.3A		6.9kW		718rpm		
15 400 3 kW V Ph	15 40 kW V	0 3 Ph	15.3 A	6.9 kW	6.9 kW	23.7 Hz	23.7 Hz	15.3 A	23.7 Hz	15.3 A	
loo toto toto toto toto	lo ⊘o∆ ©⊽										
Drive Inhibited. Drive Stopped		oed /	Drive is enabled		Press th	ne	Press th	ne	lf P 1 - 10	0 > 0,	
The STO	Disabled.	Disabled.		/ running, display		Navigate		Navigate		g the	
connections are			shows the output		key for < 1		key for < 1		Navig		
not made. Refer			frequency (Hz).		second. The		second. The		key for		
to section 4.14.8.			Press the	Press the		display will		display will		d will	
Recommended			Navigate	,	show the		show the		display		
"STO" Wiring on			select alte	rnative	motor current		motor power		motor		
page 36.			displays.		(Amps).		(kW).		(RPM).		

5.3. Additional Display Messages

Auto Tuning in Progress	External 24V DC Supply			Mains Loss	Mainte- nance Time Elapsed	
	Т	FT and OLED I	Display :			
	P2 01					
Auto-tuning	Ext 24V	OL	SF↓	ML	Ŷ	
	External 24V mode	15.3 6.9k A W	15.3 6.9 A kW	15.3 6.9 A kW	15.3 6.9 A kW	
I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	r The second sec	r The second sec	r The second sec	r The set of the set o	r The second sec	
Auto tune in progress. See parameter P4-02 information in section 8.2.3. Parameter Group 4 – High Performance Motor Control on page 71.	The drive control board is powered only from an external 24 Volt source, with no mains power applied.	Indicates an Overload condition. Output current exceeds the motor rated current entered in Parameter P1-08.	Switching frequency is reduced, due to high heatsink temperature.	The incoming mains power supply has been dis- connected or is missing.	The user programmable maintenance reminder time has elapsed.	

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5.4. Changing Parameters

	TFT and OLED Display :							
	P2 01	P2 01	P2 01	P2 01	P2 01			
Stop	P1-01	P1-08	30.0A 🕈	P1-08	Stop			
15 400 3 kW V Ph	50.0 Hz	30.0 A	P1- ↑ ↓ 08 30.0 3.0	30.0 A	15 400 3 kW V Ph			
	r The second sec							
Press and hold the Navigate key > 2 seconds.	Use the up and down keys to select the required parameter. Drives with OLED display will show the present parameter value on the lower line of the display.	Press the Navigate key for < 1 second.	Adjust the value using the Up and Down keys. Drives with OLED display will show the maximum and minimum possible settings on the lower line of the display.	Press for < 1 second to return to the parameter menu.	Press for > 2 seconds to return to the operating display.			

5.5. Parameter Factory Reset / User Reset

PT Series P2 provides a feature to allow the user to define their own default parameter set. After commissioning all required parameters, the user can save these as the default parameters by setting P6-29 = 1. If required, the User Default Parameters may be cleared by setting P6-29 = 2.

If the user wishes to reload the User Default Parameters from the drive memory, the following procedure is used.

15 400 3 50.0 Hz 15 400 3 P1- kw v Ph 50.0 Hz kw v Ph 08 Image: Second Hz	TFT and OLED Display :
15 400 3 50.0 Hz 15 400 3 P1- 18 V Ph 50.0 Hz 15 400 3 P1- 08 9 10 Ph 50.0 Hz IS 400 3 P1- 08 9 Image: Imag	2 01 P2 01 P2 01
kw v Ph 50.0 Hz kw v Ph 08 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C Press and hold The display The display Press and hold	Stop U-Def Stop
Press and hold The display The display Press a	
	LOJ LOJ LOJ LOG LOG LOG LOG LOG LJ
Start and Stop keys for >2s. Briefly press the Stop key. All parameters are reset to Factory defaults. Stop key	ess and hold the The display The display o, Down and shows returns to Stop. op keys for >2s. U-Def. All parameters Briefly press are reset to

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5.6. Resetting the Drive Following a Trip

PT Series P2 has many protection features, designed to protect both the drive and motor from accidental damage. When any of these protection features are activated, the drive will trip, and display a fault message. The fault messages are listed in section 11.1. Fault Messages on page 110.

When a trip occurs, after the cause of the trip has been investigated and rectified, the user can reset the trip in one of the following ways :

- Press the keypad Stop key.
- Power off the drive completely, then power on again.
- If P1-13 > 0, switch off digital input 1, then back on again.
- If P1-12 = 4, reset via the fieldbus interface.
- If P1-12 = 6, reset via CAN.

5.7. Keypad Shortcuts

The following shortcuts can be used to speed up selecting and changing parameters when using the keypad.

5.7.1. Selecting the Parameter Groups

When extended or advanced parameter access is enabled (see section 8. Extended Parameters on page 61), additional parameter groups are visible, and may be selected quickly by the following method.

TFT and OL	ED Display :
Maximum frequency/Speed limit	Preset frequency/Speed 1
P1-01	P2-01
50.0Hz	5.0Hz
() Cothyth	(>)⊂_ ©\⊽
Whilst in the parameter selection menu, press the Navigate and Up or Navigate and Down keys simultaneously.	The next highest or lowest accessible parameter group will be selected.

5.7.2. Selecting the Lowest Parameter in a Group

TFT and OLED Display :						
Motor rated current	Maximum frequency/Speed limit					
P1-08	P1-01					
9.5A	50.0Hz					
e er	rea totaltotal					
Whilst in the parameter selection menu, press the Up and Down keys simultaneously.	The next lowest accessible parameter in the selected parameter group will be selected.					

TFT and OLED Display : Maximum frequency/Speed limit Maximum frequency/Speed limit 1500 rpm 0 rpm P1-01 17500 rpm 40 rpm P1-01 17500 rpm 40 rpm Image: Color product of the set of the lowest possible value. Image: Color possible value.

5.7.3. Setting a Parameter to the Minimum Value

5.7.4. Adjusting Individual Digits

When editing parameter values and making large changes, e.g. setting the motor rated speed from 0 to 1500RPM, it is possible to directly select the parameter digits using the following method.

	1	FT and OLED	Display :			
Extended menu access	Extended menu access	Extended menu access	Extended menu access	Extended menu access	Extended menu access	
0	_0	_0	100	100	100	
P1- ↑30 ↓ 14 000 0	P1- ↑30 ↓ 14 000 0	P1- 130 ↓ 14 000 0	P1- ↑30 ↓ 14 000 0	P1- ↑30 ↓ 14 000 0	P1- ↑30 ↓ 14 000 0	
		loo ool or	loo tool tool		LOJ Orio Oto	
Whilst editing a parameter value, press the Stop and Navigate keys simultaneously.	The cursor will step one digit to the left. Repeating the key press will move another digit to the left.	The individual digit value may be adjusted using the up and down keys.	Adjust the value using the Up and Down keys.	When the cursor reaches the highest accessible digit, pressing Stop and Navigate will return the cursor to the right most digit.	Press the Navigate key to return to the parameter selection menu.	

6. Parameters

6.1. Parameter Set Overview

The PT Series P2 Parameter set consists of 10 groups as follows :

- Group 0 Read Only Monitoring Parameters
- Group 1 Basic Configuration Parameters
- Group 2 Extended Parameters
- Group 3 PID Control Parameters
- Group 4 High Performance Motor Control Parameters
- Group 5 Field Bus Parameters
- Group 6 Advanced Options
- Group 7 Advanced Motor Control
- Group 8 Application Parameters
- Group 9 Advanced I/O Selection

When the PT Series is reset to factory defaults, or is in its factory supplied state, only Group 1 Parameters can be accessed. In order to allow access to parameters from the higher level groups, the access code must be changed as follows.

P1-14 = P2-40 (Default setting = 101). With this setting, parameter groups 1 - 5 can be accessed, along with the first 50 parameters in Group 0.

P1-14 = P6-30 (Default setting = 201). With this setting, all parameters are accessible.

6.2. Parameter Group 1 - Basic Parameters

The basic parameter group allows the user to :

- Enter the motor nameplate information
 - o P1-07 = Motor Rated Voltage
 - o P1-08 = Motor Rated Current
 - o P1-09 = Motor Rated Frequency
 - o P1-10 = (Optionally) Motor Rated Speed
- Define the operating speed limits
 - o P1-01 = Maximum Frequency or Speed
 - o P1-02 = Minimum Frequency or Speed
- Define the acceleration and deceleration times used when starting and stopping the motor, or changing speed
 - o P1-03 = Acceleration Time
 - o P1-04 = Deceleration Time
- Select where the drive should receive it's command signals from, and determine what functions are associated with the drive control terminal inputs
 - o P1-12 Selects the control source
 - o P1-13 Assigns the functions to the digital inputs

These parameters will often provide enough functions to allow the user to complete basic commissioning in simple applications. The parameters are described in more detail below.

Par.		Descriptior	1	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
P1-01	M	aximum Frequ Speed Limi		P1-02 500.0 50.0 Hz (60.0) Rpr						
	Maximum output frequency or motor speed limit – Hz or rpm.									
	If P1	If P1-10 >0, the value entered / displayed is in Rpm.								
P1-02	M	inimum Freque Speed Limi		0.0	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm			
	Minimum speed limit – Hz or rpi			m. f P1 - 10 >0,	the value entere	d / displayed i	s in Rpm.			
P1-03	Ac	celeration Ram	p Time	See	Below	5.0 / 10.0	Seconds			
	Acc	eleration ramp tim	e from 0 to	o base speed (P1-09) in second	ls.				
		& FS3 : 5.0 Secon		0.						
	FS4	– FS7 : 10.0 Seco	nds Defau	It Setting, 0.1 Set	econds Resolutior	1	ls Maximum.			
P1-04	De	celeration Ram	np Time	See	Below	5.0 / 10.0	Seconds			
		celeration ramp tim ill coast to stop the		se speed (P1-C	99) to standstill in	seconds. When	n set to zero,			
		& FS3 : 5.0 Secon		Setting 0.01 Se	conds Resolution	600 0 Second	ls Maximum			
		– FS7 : 10.0 Secor		0.						
P1-05		Stop Mode	•	0	4	0	-			
	 Ramp When the enable signal is removed, the drive will ramp to the rate controlled by P1-04 as described above. In this drive brake transistor (where fitted) is disabled. 									
	1	Coast	When the enable signal is removed, the drive output is imm disabled, and the motor will coast (freewheel) to stop. If the la continue to rotate due to inertia, and the drive may possible							
	2 Ramp, brake chopper enabled When the enable signal is removed, the drive will ramp to the rate controlled by P1-04 as described above. The PT S chopper is also enabled in this mode.									
	3	Coast, brake chopper enabled	continue to rotate due to inertia, and the drive may poss enabled whilst the motor is still rotating, the spin start function should be enabled. The drive brake chapper is enabled in							
	4	AC Flux Braking		on 0, but additic e braking torque	onally, AC Flux br e.	aking is used to	increase the			

Par.		Description	ì	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P1-06		Energy Optim	iser	0	1	0	-
	ο	Disabled					<u> </u>
	1	Enabled	energy c speeds c reduced. drive ma	onsumed by the and light loads. The Energy Op y operate for so	rgy Optimiser att drive and motor The output voltc ptimiser is intende pme periods of tir r constant or vari	when operatin age applied to d for applicatic me with constar	g at constant the motor is ons where the
P1-07		Motor Rate Voltage / k		Drive	Rating Depe	ndent	Volts
	This	parameter should	be set to t	he rated (name	plate) voltage of	the motor.	
P1-08	٨	Aotor Rated Cu	vrrent	Drive	Rating Depe	ndent	Amps
	This	parameter should	be set to t	he rated (name	plate) current of	the motor.	
P1-09	Ma	otor Rated Free	quency	10	500	50 (60)	Hz
	This	parameter should	be set to t	he rated (name	plate) frequency	of the motor.	
P1-10		Motor Rated S _l	peed	0	30000	0	RPM
	to the corr the estir Spe NO	parameter can o ne default value of opensation for the slip compensation nated rpm. All spe reds etc. will also b DTE When the dr ameter must be se	zero, all s motor is dis function, ed related be displaye ive is ope	speed related p sabled. Entering and the PT Se parameters, su ed in Rpm. rated with the	parameters are d the value from th ries display will ch as Minimum a optional Encode	isplayed in Hz, ie motor namep now show mo nd Maximum S er Feedback Ii	and the slip plate enables tor speed in peed, Preset
P1-11		Boost Voltag	ge	0.0	Drive R Depen	%	
	orde incre An o	age boost is used er to improve low eased motor curre automatic setting (parameter based	speed and nt and tem RULo) is a	l starting torque perature, and fo lso possible, w	Excessive voltage brce ventilation of hereby the PT Set	ge boost levels f the motor may ries will automo	may result in be required.

Par.		Description	ì	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units				
P1-12		Primary Comm Source	nand	0	6	0	-				
	0	Terminal Control	The drive	responds direc	tly to signals app	lied to the cont	trol terminals.				
	1	Keypad control - uni- directional		e can be contro or remote Keyp	olled in the forwo ad.	ard direction o	nly using an				
	2	Keypad control - bi- directional	using an	external or re	olled in the forw emote Keypad. F forward and rev	Pressing the ke					
	3	PID Control	The outp	ut frequency is a	controlled by the	internal PID co	ontroller.				
	4	Fieldbus Mode			U if no fieldbus the fieldbus opti		e option is present, le interface.				
	5	Slave Mode	The drive Master N		ave to a connec	ted PT Series	es operating in				
	6	CANopen Mode	Control v	ria CAN bus co	nnected to the RJ4	5 serial interfac	e connector.				
P1-13	D	igital Input Fu	nction	0	21	1	-				
		ines the function of ion 7.1. Control Sc				mode setting i	n P1-12. See				
P1-14	Ex	tended Menu	Access	0	30000	0	-				
	Para	ameter Access Co	Control. The following settings are applicable :								
	P1-	P1-14 = P2-40 = 101 : Allows access to Extended Parameter Groups 0 – 5									
		14 = P6-30 = 201 rs only, usage is no				(Intended for	experienced				

7. Control Terminal Functions

For standard applications and operation, the basic control of the drive and functions of all drive input terminals can be configured using just two parameters, P1-12 and P1-13. P1-12 is used to define the source of all control commands and the primary speed reference source. P1-13 then allows fast selection of Analog and Digital Input functions based on a selection table.

7.1. Control Source Selection

7.1.1. P1-12 Function

P1-12 is used to select the main control source of the drive and the main speed reference according to the following table :

P1-12	Function	Control Source	Main Speed Reference	Notes
0	Terminal Control	Terminals	Analog Input 1	All control signals are applied to the control terminals. Functions are determined by P1-13 Macro setting.
1	Keypad Control (Uni-directional)	Keypad / Terminals	Motorised Pot / Keypad	When keypad mode is selected, the default operation of the drive requires
2	Keypad Control (Bi-directional)	Keypad / Terminals	Motorised Pot / Keypad	the keypad Start & Stop buttons are used to control the drive. This can be changed using P2-37 to allow the drive to be started from Digital Input 1 directly.
3	PID Control	Terminals	PID Output	Enable / Disable control of the drive is through the drive control terminal strip. Output frequency is set by the output of the PI Controller.
4	Fieldbus / Modbus RTU	Modbus RTU	Fieldbus / Modbus RTU	Control of the drive operation is through a fieldbus option module mounted in the drive option slot. If no option module is fitted, control is through the Modbus RTU interface. Digital Input 1 must be closed to allow operation.
5	Slave Mode	Master Drive	From Master	PT Series P2 provides an inbuilt Master / Slave function. A single drive acts as the Master, and connected Slave drives will mimic the starting and stopping, along with following the output frequency, with any scaling applied. Digital Input 1 must be closed to allow operation.

P1-12	Function	Control Source	Main Speed Reference	Notes
6	CANopen	CAN bus	CAN bus	Control of the drive operation is through the CAN Open Interface. Digital Input 1 must be closed to allow operation.

7.1.2. Overview

PT Series P2 uses a Macro approach to simplify the configuration of the Analog and Digital Inputs. There are two key parameters which determine the input functions and drive behaviour :

- P1-12 Selects the main drive control source and determines how the output frequency of the drive is
 primarily controlled.
- P1-13 Assigns the Macro function to the analog and digital inputs.

Additional parameters can then be used to further adapt the settings, e.g.

- P2-30 Used to select the format of the analog signal to be connected to analog input 1, e.g. 0 10 Volt, 4 – 20mA.
- P2-33 Used to select the format of the analog signal to be connected to analog input 2, e.g. 0 10 Volt, 4 – 20mA.
- P2-36 Determines whether the drive should automatically start following a power on if the Enable Input is present.
- P2-37 When Keypad Mode is selected, determines at what output frequency / speed the drive should start, following the enable command, and also whether the keypad start key must be pressed or if the Enable input alone should start the drive.

The following diagrams and tables provide an overview of the functions of each terminal macro function, and a simplified connection diagram for each.

Function	Explanation
STOP	Latched Input, Open the contact to STOP the drive.
RUN	Latched input, Close the contact to Start, the drive will operate as long as the input is maintained.
FWD ひ	Latched Input, selects the direction of motor rotation FORWARD.
REV U	Latched Input, selects the direction of motor rotation REVERSE.
RUN FWD ひ	Latched Input, Close to Run in the FORWARD direction, Open to STOP.
run rev u	Latched Input, Close to Run in the REVERSE direction, Open to STOP.
enable	Hardware Enable Input. In Keypad Mode, P2-37 determines whether the drive immediately starts, or the keypad start key must be pressed. In other modes, this input must be present before the start command is applied via the fieldbus interface.

7.1.3. Macro Function Guide

Function	Explanation
START 1	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to START the drive (NC STOP Input must be maintained).
^- START -^	Simultaneously applying both inputs momentarily will START the drive (NC STOP Input must be maintained).
STOP	Normally Closed, Falling Edge, Open momentarily to STOP the drive.
START JFWDU	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to START the drive in the forward direction (NC STOP Input must be maintained).
START I REVU	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to START the drive in the reverse direction (NC STOP Input must be maintained).
^-FAST STOP (P2-25)-^	When both inputs are momentarily active simultaneously, the drive stops using Fast Stop Ramp Time P2-25.
FAST STOP ↓ (P2-25)	Normally Closed, Falling Edge, Open momentarily to FAST STOP the drive using Fast Stop Ramp Time P2-25.
E-TRIP	Normally Closed, External Trip input. When the input opens momentarily, the drive trips showing E-tr IP or Ptc-th depending on P2-33 setting. See section 4.12.2. Motor Thermistor Connection on page 33 for further information.
Analog Input Al 1	Analog Input 1, signal format selected using P2-30.
Analog Input Al2	Analog Input 2, signal format selected using P2-33.
AI1 REF	Analog Input 1 provides the speed reference.
AI2 REF	Analog Input 2 provides the speed reference.
P2-OX REF	Speed reference from the selected preset speed.
PR-REF	Preset speeds P2-01 – P2-08 are used for the speed reference, selected according to other digital input status.
PI-REF	PI Control Speed Reference.
PI FB	Analog Input used to provide a Feedback signal to the internal PI controller.
KPD REF	Keypad Speed Reference selected.
INC SPD↑	Normally Open, Close the input to Increase the motor speed.
DEC SPD↓	Normally Open, Close input to Decrease motor speed.
FB REF	Selected speed reference from Fieldbus (Modbus RTU / CAN Open / Master depending on P1-12 setting).
(NO)	Input is Normally Open, Close momentarily to activate the function.
(NC)	Input is Normally Closed, Open momentarily to activate the function.
DECEL P1-04	During deceleration and stopping, Deceleration Ramp 1 (P1-04) is used.
DECEL P8-11	During deceleration and stopping, Deceleration Ramp 2 (P8-11) is used (Requires Advanced Parameter Access, see section 6.1. Parameter Set Overview on page 46.

7.2. Digital Input Configuration Parameter P1-13

P1-13	D	11	D	12	D	013	Al	I / DI4	AI2 / DI5	
State	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1
0					Us	ser define	d			
1	STOP	run	FWD ひ	REV び	P1-12 REF	P2-01	Analo	g Input AI 1	P2-01	P2-02
					DI3	DI	4	DI5		eset eed
					0	C)	0	P2-0	1 REF
					1	C)	0	P2-0	2 REF
			FWD	REV	0	1		0	P2-0	3 REF
2	2 STOP RUN	U	U	1	1		0	P2-0	4 REF	
				0	C)	1	P2-0	5 REF	
					1	C)	1	P2-0	6 REF
					0	1		1	P2-0	7 REF
				1	1	1		P2-08 REF		
3	Stop	run	FWD ひ	REV び	P1-12 REF	P2-01 REF	Analo	g Input Al 1	Analog Input Al2	
4	STOP	run	FWD ひ	REV び	P1-12 REF	P2-01 REF	Analo	g Input Al 1	DECEL P1-04	DECEL P8-11
5	STOP	run	FWD ひ	REV び	P1-12 REF	AI2 REF	Analog Input Al 1			g Input I2
6	STOP	run	FWD ひ	REV び	P1-12 REF	P2-01 REF	Analo	g Input Al 1	E-TRIP	ОК
					D	013	DI4	Preset Speed		
						Off	Off	P2-01 REF		
7	Stop	run	FWD じ	REV び		 Dn	Off	P2-02 REF	E-TRIP	OK
						Off	On	P2-03 REF		
						Dn	On	P2-04 REF		
					D	013	DI4	Preset Speed		
			54.5		(Off		P2-01 REF		DECEL P8-11
8	Stop	run	FWD ひ	REV び	On		Off Off	P2-02 REF	DECEL P1-04	
					Off		On	P2-03 REF		
					(Dn	On	P2-04 REF		

P1-13	D	11	D	12	D	013	AI1 / DI4		Al2 / DI5			
State	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1		
					D	013	DI4	Preset Speed				
			FWD	REV	0	Off		Off P2-01 REF				
9	Stop	run	run	run	rvD ひ	U U	(Dn	Off	P2-02 REF	P1-12 REF	PR-REF
							(Off	On	P2-O3 REF		
					(Dn	On	P2-04 REF				
10	STOP	run	FWD ひ	REV び	(NO)	INC SPD ↑	(NO)	DEC SPD	P 1 - 12 REF ¹	P2-01- REF		
11	STOP	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV び	P1-12 REF	PR-REF	Analo	g Input Al 1	P2-01 REF	P2-O2 REF		
				D	013	DI4	DI5		eset eed			
				RUN REV O	Off		Off	Off	P2-0	1 REF		
					On		Off	Off	P2-0	2 REF		
		run			Off		On	Off	P2-0	3 REF		
12	Stop	FWD ひ	STOP		On		On	Off	P2-0	4 REF		
					(Off	Off	On	P2-05 REF			
					(On		On	P2-0	6 REF		
					(Off	On	On	P2-07 REF			
						Dn	On	On	P2-0	8 REF		
13	STOP	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV び	P1-12 P2-01 REF REF Analog Input AI1			g Input I2				
14	Stop	RUN FWD ひ	Stop	RUN REV び	P 1 - 12 REF			g Input Al 1	DECEL P1-04	DECEL P8-11		
15	STOP	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV J	P 1 - 12 REF	AI2- REF	Analo	g Input Al 1		g Input I2		

P1-13	D	11	D	12	D	013	Al	l / DI4	AI2 ,	AI2 / DI5						
State	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1						
16	Stop	RUN FWD ひ	Stop	RUN REV び	P1-12 REF	P2-01 REF	Analo	g Input Al 1	E-TRIP	ОК						
					D	013	DI4	Preset Speed								
	17 STOP RUN FWD STOP	FWD	FWD	FWD	FWD	FWD		run	0	Off	Off	P2-01 REF				
17							STOP	REV び				(Dn	Off	P2-02 REF	E-TRIP
				(Off	On	P2-03 REF									
				(Dn	On	P2-04 REF									
					D	013	DI4	Preset Speed								
	run		run	(Off	Off	P2-01 REF	1 REF DECEL								
18	Stop	P FWD	STOP	REV	(Dn	Off	P2-O2 REF	P1-04	DECEL P8-11						
												(Off	On	P2-03 REF	
					On (On	P2-04 REF								
					DI3		DI4	Preset Speed								
		run		run	(Off		P2-01 REF	P1-12 REF							
19	Stop	FWD ひ	STOP	REV び	(On		P2-02 REF		PR-REF						
					(Off	On	P2-03 REF								
					(Dn	On	P2-04 REF								
20	STOP	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV J	(NO)	INC SPD 1	(NO)	DEC SPD	P 1 - 12 REF ¹	P2-01 - REF						
21	(NO)	START ゴ FWD ひ	STOP J	(NC)	(NO)	START Ĵ REV Č	Analo	g Input AI 1	P1-12 REF	P2-01 - REF						

1) When P1-12 = 0 and P 1-13 = 10 or 20, the Motorised Pot / Keypad reference is automatically selected to be the Selected Speed Reference.

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7.3. Example Connection Schematics

P1-13 Setting :			1	4	11	14
	1	+24V DC	+24V DC	+24V DC	+24V DC	+24V DC
	2	DI 1	Disable / Enable	Disable / Enable	Run Forward	Run Forward
	3	DI 2	Forward / Reverse	Forward / Reverse	Run Reverse	Run Reverse
+24 Y DC*	4	DI 3	P1-12 Reference / PR Reference	P1-12 Reference / PR Reference	P1-12 Reference / PR Reference	P1-12 Reference / PR Reference
	5	+10V DC	+10V DC	+10V DC	+10V DC	+10V DC
	6	AI 1	Analog Input 1	Analog Input 1	Analog Input 1	Analog Input 1
	7	0V / COM	ov / com	ov / com	OV / COM	OV / COM
	8	AO 1	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)
	9	0V / COM	ov / com	ov / com	OV / COM	0V / COM
	10	DI 5	Preset Speed Select (P2-01 / P2-02)	Dec. Ramp Select (P1-04 / P8-11)	Preset Speed Select (P2-01 / P2-02)	Dec. Ramp Select (P1-O4 / P8-11)
	11	AO 2	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)
	12	STO+	STO+	STO+	STO+	STO+
	13	sto-	STO-	STO-	STO-	STO-



P1-13 Settin	ıg :		2	8	9	12	18	19
	1	+24V DC	+24V DC	+24V DC	+24V DC	+24V DC	+24V DC	+24V DC
	2	DI 1	Disable / Enable	Disable / Enable	Disable / Enable	Run Forward	Run Forward	Run Forward
	3	DI 2	Forward / Reverse	Forward / Reverse	Forward / Reverse	Run Reverse	Run Reverse	Run Reverse
	4	DI 3	Preset Speed Select BIT O	Preset Speed Select BIT O	Preset Speed Select BIT O	Preset Speed Select BIT O	Preset Speed Select BIT O	Preset Speed Select BIT O
	5	+10V DC	+10V DC	+10V DC	+10V DC	+10V DC	+10V DC	+10V DC
	6	DI 4	Preset Speed Select BIT 1	Preset Speed Select BIT 1	Preset Speed Select BIT 1	Preset Speed Select BIT 1	Preset Speed Select BIT 1	Preset Speed Select BIT 1
	7	0V / COM	0V / COM	0V / COM	0V / COM	0V / COM	0V / COM	OV / COM
	8	AO 1	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)
	9	0V / COM	0V / COM	0V / COM	0V / COM	OV / COM	0V / COM	OV / COM
	10	DI 5	Preset Speed Select BIT 2	Dec. Ramp Select (P1-O4 / P8-11)	P1-12 Reference / Preset Ref	Dec. Ramp Select (P1-04 / P8-11)	Dec. Ramp Select (P1-04 / P8-11)	P1-12 Reference / Preset Ref
	11	AO 2	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)
	12	STO+	STO+	STO+	STO+	STO+	STO+	STO+
	13	STO-	STO-	STO-	STO-	STO-	STO-	STO-

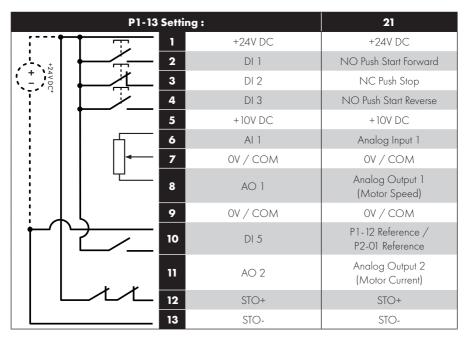
	P1-13 Setting :		3	5	13	15
	1	+24V DC	+24V DC	+24V DC	+24V DC	+24V DC
	2	DI 1	Disable / Enable	Disable / Enable	Run Forward	Run Forward
	3	DI 2	Forward / Reverse	Forward / Reverse	Run Reverse	Run Reverse
	4	DI 3	P1-12 Reference / P2-01 Reference	P1-12 Reference / Al 2 Reference	P1-12 Reference / P2-01 Reference	P1-12 Reference / Al 2 Reference
+ -	5	+10V DC	+10V DC	+10V DC	+10V DC	+10V DC
	<u>ر</u> ه	AI 1 / DI 4	Analog Input 1	Analog Input 1	Analog Input 1	Analog Input 1
	7	OV / COM	OV / COM	OV / COM	OV / COM	OV / COM
	8	AO 1	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)
		OV / COM	OV / COM	OV / COM	OV / COM	OV / COM
	10	AI 2 / DI 5	Analog Input 2	Analog Input 2	Analog Input 2	Analog Input 2
	11	AO 2	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)
	12	STO+	STO+	STO+	STO+	STO+
	13	sto-	STO-	sto-	STO-	sto-



	P1-13 Setting :		6	16
·	· 🗖	+24V DC	+24V DC	+24V DC
	2	DI 1	Disable / Enable	Run Forward
+ ⁺ 24 V DC*	3	DI 2	Forward / Reverse	Run Reverse
	4	DI 3	P1-12 Reference / P2-01 Reference	P1-12 Reference / P2-01 Reference
	5	+10V DC	+10V DC	+10V DC
	6	AI 1	Analog Input 1	Analog Input 1
	۲ ۲	OV / COM	OV / COM	OV / COM
	8	AO 1	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)
│┢┷╱╟	<u> </u>	OV / COM	OV / COM	OV / COM
		DI 5	E-trip	E-trip
	11 1	AO 2	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)
		STO+	STO+	STO+
	13	STO-	STO-	STO-
	P1-13 Setting :		7	17
	P1-13 Setting :	+24V DC	7 +24V DC	17 +24V DC
F		+24V DC DI 1	-	
+244	¹		+24V DC	+24V DC
+24V DC*		DI 1	+24V DC Disable / Enable	+24V DC Run Forward
+24V DC*		DI 1 DI 2	+24V DC Disable / Enable Forward / Reverse Preset Speed Select	+24V DC Run Forward Run Reverse Preset Speed Select
+24 Y DC*		DI 1 DI 2 DI 3	+24V DC Disable / Enable Forward / Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT 0	+24V DC Run Forward Run Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT O
+24 V DC*		DI 1 DI 2 DI 3 +10V DC	+24V DC Disable / Enable Forward / Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT 0 +10V DC Preset Speed Select	+24V DC Run Forward Run Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT O +10V DC Preset Speed Select
+24 V DC*		DI 1 DI 2 DI 3 +10V DC DI 1	+24V DC Disable / Enable Forward / Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT 0 +10V DC Preset Speed Select BIT 1	+24V DC Run Forward Run Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT O +10V DC Preset Speed Select BIT 1
+24 ¥ DC.		DI 1 DI 2 DI 3 +10V DC DI 1 0V / COM	+24V DC Disable / Enable Forward / Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT 0 +10V DC Preset Speed Select BIT 1 OV / COM Analog Output 1	+24V DC Run Forward Run Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT 0 +10V DC Preset Speed Select BIT 1 OV / COM Analog Output 1
+24YDC*		DI 1 DI 2 DI 3 +10V DC DI 1 0V / COM AO 1 0V / COM	+24V DC Disable / Enable Forward / Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT 0 +10V DC Preset Speed Select BIT 1 OV / COM Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	+24V DC Run Forward Run Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT 0 +10V DC Preset Speed Select BIT 1 OV / COM Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)
+24V DC*		DI 1 DI 2 DI 3 +10V DC DI 1 0V / COM AO 1 0V / COM	+24V DC Disable / Enable Forward / Reverse BIT 0 +10V DC Preset Speed Select BIT 1 OV / COM Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed) OV / COM	+24V DC Run Forward Run Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT 0 +10V DC Preset Speed Select BIT 1 OV / COM Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed) OV / COM
+24 ¥ DC.		DI 1 DI 2 DI 3 +10V DC DI 1 0V / COM AO 1 0V / COM DI 5 AO 2	+24V DC Disable / Enable Forward / Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT 0 +10V DC Preset Speed Select BIT 1 OV / COM Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed) OV / COM External trip (NC) Analog Output 2	+24V DC Run Forward Run Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT 0 +10V DC Preset Speed Select BIT 1 OV / COM Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed) OV / COM External trip (NC) Analog Output 2

NOTE * Optional external 24V DC power supply

	P1-13 Setting :		10	20
		+24V DC	+24V DC	+24V DC
		DI 1	Disable / Enable	Run Forward
+ 4 V DC		DI 2	Forward / Reverse	Run Reverse
		DI 3	Increase Speed	Increase Speed
	5	+10V DC	+10V DC	+10V DC
	6	DI 4	Decrease Speed	Decrease Speed
		0V / COM	OV / COM	OV / COM
	8	AO 1	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)
	۹ م	0V / COM	OV / COM	OV / COM
	[10	DI 5	P1-12 Reference / P2-01 Reference	P1-12 Reference / P2-01 Reference
	יר א ^{ון} א	AO 2	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)
		STO+	STO+	STO+
	1;	STO-	STO-	STO-





8. Extended Parameters

Par	Parameter Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
P2-01	Preset Jog Frequency / Speed 1	P1-02	P1-01	5.0	Hz / Rpm		
P2-02	Preset Jog Frequency / Speed 2	P1-02	P1-01	10.0	Hz / Rpm		
P2-03	Preset Jog Frequency / Speed 3	P1-02	P1-01	25.0	Hz / Rpm		
P2-04	Preset Jog Frequency / Speed 4	P1-02	P1-01	50.0 (60.0)	Hz / Rpm		
P2-05	Preset Jog Frequency / Speed 5	P1-02	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm		
P2-06	Preset Jog Frequency / Speed 6	P1-02	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm		
P2-07	Preset Jog Frequency / Speed 7	P1-02	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm		
	Preset Jog Frequency / Speed 8	P1-02	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm		
P2-08	Preset Speeds / Frequencies selected by digital inputs depending on the setting of P1-13. If P1-10 = 0, the values are entered as Hz. If P1-10 > 0, the values are entered as Rpm. Setting a negative value will reverse the direction of motor rotation.						
P2-09	Skip Frequency Center Point	P1-02	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm		
	Skip Frequency Band Width	0.0	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm		
P2-10	The Skip Frequency function is used to avoid the PT Series operating at a certain out frequency for example at a frequency which causes mechanical resonance in a particu						

8.1. Parameter Group 2 - Extended Parameters

Par	Para	meter Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units	
		og Output 1 on (Terminal 8)	0	12	8	-	
		Digital (Output Mode. Logic 1 = +24V DC				
	0	Drive running	Logic 1 when t	he PT Series is er	nabled (Runnir	ng).	
	1	Drive healthy	Logic 1 When no Fault condition exists on the drive.				
	2	At speed	Logic 1 when the output frequency matches the setpoint frequency.				
	3	Motor speed > 0	Logic 1 when t	he motor runs ab	ove zero spee	ed.	
	4	Motor speed >= limit	Logic 1 when the motor speed exceeds the adjustable limit.				
	5	Motor current >=limit	Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the adjustable limit.				
P2-11	6	Motor torque >= Limit	Logic when the	e motor torque ex	ceeds the adj	ustable limit.	
	7	Analog input 2 >=limit	Logic when the the adjustable	signal applied to limit.	the Analog In	iput 2 exceeds	
	control the	ten using settings 4 behaviour. The outp rogrammed in P2-16 ed in P2-17.	out will switch to b, and return to l	Logic 1 when t ogic 0 when the	he selected s	ignal exceeds	
			Analog Out	put Mode			
	8	Motor speed	0 to P1-01.				
	9	Motor current	0 to 200% of I	°1-08.			
	10	Motor torque	0 to 200% of r	motor rated torqu	e.		
	11	Motor power	0 to 150% of c	Irive rated power	r.		
	12	PID Output	Output from the	e internal PID Co	ntroller, 0 – 10	00%.	
	Analog C	Output 1 Format	See I	Below	U 0- 10	-	
	U 0- 10	0 to 10V					
	U 10-0	10 to 0V					
P2-12	8 0-20	0 to 20mA					
	A 50-0	20 to OmA					
	A 4-20	4 to 20mA					
	A 20-4	20 to 4mA					

Par	Para	meter Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units	
		og Output 2 n (Terminal 11)	o	12	9		
		Digital C	Dutput Mode. Logic 1 = +24V DC				
	0	Drive running	Logic 1 when	he PT Series is er	nabled (Runnin	g).	
	1	Drive healthy	Logic 1 When no Fault condition exists on the drive.				
	2	At speed	Logic 1 when frequency.	Logic 1 when the output frequency matches the setpoint			
	3	Motor speed > 0	Logic 1 when	he motor runs ab	ove zero spec	ed.	
	4	Motor speed >= limit	Logic 1 when	he motor speed	exceeds the a	djustable limit.	
	5	Motor current >= limit	Logic 1 when t	he motor current	exceeds the a	djustable limit.	
P2-13	6	Motor torque >= limit	Logic when the	e motor torque ex	ceeds the adju	ustable limit.	
-	7	Analog input 2 >= limit	Logic when the signal applied to the Analog Input 2 exceeds the adjustable limit.				
	control the the value p	hen using settings 4 behaviour. The outp rogrammed in P2-19 ed in P2-20.	ut will switch to	Logic 1 when t	he selected si	gnal exceeds	
			Analog Out	put Mode			
	8	Motor speed	0 to P1-01.				
	9	Motor current	0 to 200% of I	P1-08.			
	10	Motor torque	0 to 200% of 1	motor rated torqu	e.		
	11	Motor power	0 to 150% of c	Irive rated powe	r.		
	12	PID output	Output from th	e internal PID Co	ntroller, 0 – 10)0%.	
	Analog (Output 2 Format	See	Below	U 0- 10	-	
	U 0- IO	0 to 10V					
	U 10-0	10 to 0V					
P2-14	A 0-50	0 to 20mA					
	0-05 R	20 to OmA					
	A 4-50	4 to 20mA					
	Я 20-Ч	20 to 4mA					

Par	Para	meter Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
	Rela	y 1 Function	0	14	1	-		
	Setting	Function		Logic 1	when			
	0	Drive running	The PT Series i	s enabled (Runni	ng).			
	1	Drive healthy	No fault or trip	condition exists	on the drive.			
	2	At speed	Output frequency matches the setpoint frequency.					
	3	Motor speed > 0	The motor runs above zero speed.					
	4	Motor speed >= limit	The motor spe	ed exceeds the c	djustable limit.			
	5	Motor current >= limit	The motor curr	ent exceeds the c	adjustable limit	t.		
	6	Motor torque >= limit	The motor torq	The motor torque exceeds the adjustable limit.				
	7	Analog input 2 >= limit		The signal applied to the Analog Input 2 exceeds the adjustable limit.				
P2-15	8	Reserved	No Function.					
	9	Reserved	No Function.					
	10	Maintenance due	The internally programmable maintenance timer has elapsed.					
	11	Drive ready to run	0 to 150% of drive rated power.					
	12	Drive tripped	The drive is not tripped, the STO circuit is closed, the mains supply is present and the hardware enable input present (Digital Input 1 unless changed by the user).					
	13	STO status	When both ST be operated.	O inputs are pre	sent and the c	drive is able to		
	14	PID error >= limit		difference betwe r equal to the pro				
	together to exceeds the	control the behaviou	ig settings 4 – 7 and 14, parameters P2-16 and P2-17 must b the behaviour. The output will switch to Logic 1 when the selecter programmed in P2-16, and return to Logic 0 when the signal falls med in P2-17.					
P2-16		⁷ Analog Output Ipper Limit	P2-17	200.0	100.0	%		
P2-17		⁷ Analog Output ower Limit	0.0	P2-16	0.0	%		
	Used in cor	njunction with some s	ettings of Param	eters P2-11 & P2	- 15.			

Par	Para	meter Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
	Rela	y 2 Function	0	14	0	-		
	Setting	Function		Logic 1	when			
	0	Drive running	The PT Series i	s enabled (Runni	ng).			
	1	Drive healthy	No fault or trip	No fault or trip condition exists on the drive.				
	2	At speed	Output freque	Output frequency matches the setpoint frequency.				
	3	Motor speed > 0	The motor runs	above zero spe	ed.			
	4	Motor speed >= limit	The motor spe	ed exceeds the c	adjustable limit.			
5 Motor current >= limit The motor current exce					adjustable limit			
	6	Motor torque >= limit	The motor torq	ue exceeds the c	adjustable limit			
	7	Analog input 2 >= limit	The signal app adjustable limi	lied to the Analc t.	eg Input 2 exce	eds the		
P2-18	Enables Hoist Mode. The Output relay ma					·		
	9	Reserved	No Function.					
	10	Maintenance due	The internally programmable maintenance timer has elapsed.					
	11	Drive ready to run	0 to 150% of drive rated power.					
	12	Drive tripped	The drive is not tripped, the STO circuit is closed, the mains supply is present and the hardware enable input present (Digital Input 1 unless changed by the user).					
	13	STO status	When both ST be operated.	O inputs are pre	esent and the c	trive is able to		
	14	PID error >= limit	The PID Error (difference between setpoint and feedback) is greater than or equal to the programmed limit.					
	together to exceeds the	control the behavior	4 – 7 and 14, parameters P2-16 and P2-17 must be used viour. The output will switch to Logic 1 when the selected signated in P2-16, and return to Logic 0 when the signal falls below 17.					
P2-19		⁷ Analog Output Ipper Limit	P2-20	200.0	100.0	%		

Par	Para	meter Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units	
P2-20		[/] Analog Output ower Limit	0.0	P2-19	0.0	%	
	Used in cor	njunction with some se	ettings of Param	eters P2-13 & P2	-18.		
P2-21	Display	Scaling Factor	-30.000	30.000	0.000	-	
	Display	Scaling Source	0	3	0	-	
	scaled fron based on th If P2-21 is s	2-22 allow the user to n an existing parame ne output frequency. T set >0, the variable se yed whilst the drive is	eter, e.g. to dis This function is d elected in P2-2	play conveyer s isabled if P2-21 i 2 is multiplied by	peed in metre is set to 0. the factor ente	ered in P2-21,	
P2-22	P2-2	22 Options	running, with a 'c' to indicate the customer scaled units. Scaled Value is				
P2-22	ο	Motor Speed	If P1-10 = 0, Output Frequency (Hz) × Scaling Factor If P1-10 > 0, Motor RPM × Scaling Factor				
	1	Motor Current	Motor Amps x Scaling Factor				
	2	Analog Input 2	Analog Input 2 % (PO-O2) x Scaling Factor				
	3	PO-80 Value	PO-80 Value x	Scaling Factor			
	Zero Spe	ed Holding Time	0.0	60.0	0.2	Seconds	
P2-23		the time for which the tput is disabled.	drive output fre	quency is held at	zero when sto	opping, before	
		ive Switching requency	Drive	Rating Deper	ndent	kHz	
P2-24	2-24 Effective power stage switching frequency. The range of settings available and parameter setting depend on the drive power and voltage rating. Higher frequent audible 'ringing' noise from the motor, and improve the output current waveform of increased drive losses.					cies reduce the	

Par		meter Name cel Ramp Time	Minimum 0.00	Maximum 240.0	Default 0.00	Units Seconds	
P2-25	the PT Serie selected au	eter allows an altern as, which can be sele tomatically in the cas o 0.0, the drive will co	cted by digital e of a mains po	inputs (depende	nt on the setting	<u> </u>	
	Spin	Start Enable	0	2	0	-	
	o	Disabled	Spin Start is not active. This setting should be used for applications where the motor is always stationary before drive is enabled.				
P2-26	1	Enabled	When enabled, on start up the drive will attempt to determine if the motor is already rotating, and will begin to control the motor from its current speed. A short delay may be observed when starting motors which are not turning.				
	2	Enabled on trip, brown out, coast	Spin start is active only following the listed conditions, otherwise spin start is disabled.				
	Standb	y Mode Timer	0.0	250.0	0.0	Seconds	
P2-27	set in P3-14	eter defines the time p (Standby speed three bled, and the display	shold) for great	er than the set time	e period, the P	T Series output	
		Speed Scaling Control	o	3	o	-	
		eypad mode (P1-12 an be multiplied by				, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	
P2-28	o		Disable	ed (No Scaling	g)		
	1		Master	Speed * P2-2	29		
	2	(Ma	ster Speed *	• P2-29) + and	llog input 1		
	3	(Ma	ster Speed *	P2-29) * and	ılog input 1		
	Slave S	Speed Scaling Factor	-500.0	500.0	100.0	%	
P2-29	Used in cor	njunction with P2-28.					

Par	Para	meter Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
		log Input 1 nal 6) Format	See	Below	U 0- 10	-		
	Setting	Signal Format						
	U 0- 10	0 to 10 Volt Signal (Uni-polar)						
	U ID-D	10 to 0 Volt Signal (Uni-polar)						
	- 10- 10	- 10 to + 10 Volt Sign	nal (Bi-polar)					
P2-30	8 D-20	0 to 20mA Signal						
P2-30	F A-50	4 to 20mA Signal, signal level falls bel		vill trip and show	the fault code	e 4-20F if the		
	r 4-20	4 to 20mA Signal, t level falls below 3m		ll ramp to Preset S	Speed 8 (P2-0	8) if the signal		
	E 20-4	20 to 4mA Signal, signal level falls bel		vill trip and show	the fault code	e 4-20F if the		
	r 20-4	20 to 4mA Signal, t level falls below 3m		ll ramp to Preset S	Speed 8 (P2-0	8) if the signal		
	Analog	Input 1 Scaling	0.0	2000.0	100.0	%		
P2-31		analog input by this fo 0%, a 5 volt input will	-			-		
	Analog	Input 1 Offset	-500.0	500.0	0.0	%		
P2-32	Sets an offs analog inp	set, as a percentage ut signal.	of the full scal	e range of the ir	nput, which is a	applied to the		
		log Input 2 nal 10) Format	See	Below	U D- ID	-		
	Setting		Sig	ınal Format				
	U 0- IO	0 to 10 Volt Signal	l (Uni-polar)					
	U 10-0	10 to 0 Volt Signal	l (Uni-polar)					
	Ptc-th	Motor PTC Thermi	stor Input					
	A 0-50	0 to 20mA Signal						
P2-33	F A-50	4 to 20mA Signal, signal level falls be		will trip and shov	v the fault code	e 4-20F if the		
	r 4-20	4 to 20mA Signa signal level falls be		s will ramp to Pre	eset Speed 8	(P2-08) if the		
	E 20-4	20 to 4mA Signal signal level falls be		will trip and shov	v the fault code	e 4-20F if the		
	r 20-4	20 to 4mA Signa signal level falls be		s will ramp to Pro	eset Speed 8	(P2-08) if the		

Par	Para	meter Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
	Analog	Input 2 Scaling	0.0	2000.0	100.0	%		
P2-34		analog input by this fc 0%, a 5 volt input will						
	Analog	Input 2 Offset	-500.0	500.0	0.0	%		
P2-35	Sets an off analog inp	set, as a percentage ut signal.	of the full scal	e range of the ir	iput, which is c	applied to the		
		Mode Select / matic Restart	See	Below	AULo-D	%		
		e behaviour of the drive relating to the enable digital input and also configures the Restart function.						
	Ed9E-r	Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start if Digital Input 1 remains closed. The Input must be closed after a power on or reset to start the drive.						
	AUEo-D	Following a Power 1 is closed.	Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will automatically start if Digital Input 1 is closed.					
P2-36	AUEo- I							
	AULo-2	Following a trip, the	e drive will ma	ke up to 5 attem	nots to restart o	at 20 second		
	AULo-3	intervals. The drive r restart attempts are	Following a trip, the drive will make up to 5 attempts to restart at 20 second intervals. The drive must be powered down to reset the counter. The numbers o restart attempts are counted, and if the drive fails to start on the final attempt, the drive will fault with, and will require the user to manually reset the fault.					
	AUEo-4	drive will tault with,						
	AUEo-S							
		ANGER! "RUEo'' ne impact on syste						

Par	Para	meter Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
	Keypad	Start Mode	0	7	1	-		
	must be sto	ater is only active wh arted by pressing the ng is controlled by the	Start key on the	e keypad. When				
	0	Minimum speed, keypad start	Following a stop and restart, the drive will always initially at the minimum speed P1-02.					
	1	Previous speed, keypad start		op and restart, th nt speed used pri				
P2-37	2	Current speed, keypad start	Where the PT Series is configured for multiple speed references (typically Hand / Auto control or Local / Remote control), when switched to keypad mode by a digital input, the drive will continue to operate at the last operating speed.					
	3	Preset speed 8, keypad start	Following a stop and restart, the PT Series will always initially run at Preset Speed 8 (P2-08).					
	4	Minimum speed, terminal start	Following a stop and restart, the drive will always initially ru at the minimum speed P1-02.					
	5	Previous speed, terminal start	-	op and restart, th nt speed used pri				
	6	Current speed, terminal start	Where the PT Series is configured for multiple speed references (typically Hand / Auto control or Local / Remote control), when switched to keypad mode by a digital input, the drive will continue to operate at the last operating speed.					
	7	Preset speed 8, terminal start		op and restart, the beed 8 (P2-O8).	PT Series will	always initially		

Par	Parameter Name		Minimum Maximum		Default	Units			
P2-38	Mains Loss Stop / Ride Through		0 3 0		0	-			
	0	Mains Loss Ride Through	The PT Series will attempt to continue operating by recovering energy from the load motor. Providing that the mains loss period is short, and sufficient energy can be recovered before the drive control electronics power off, the drive will automatically restart on return of mains power.						
	1	Coast To Stop	The PT Series will immediately disable the output to the motor, allowing the load to coast or free wheel. When using this setting with high inertia loads, the Spin Start function (P2-26) may need to be enabled.						
	2	Fast Ramp To Stop	The drive will ramp to stop at the rate programmed in the 2nd deceleration time P2-25.						
	3	DC bus supply mode	This mode is intended to be used when the drive is powered directly via the +DC and –DC Bus connections. Refer to your J.K. Fenner Sales Partner for further details.						
P2-39	Parameter Lock		0	1	0	-			
	0	Unlocked	All parameters can be accessed and changed.						
	1	Locked	Parameter values can be displayed, but cannot be change						
P2-40	Extended Menu Access Code		0	9999	101	-			
	Defines the access code which must be entered in P1-14 to access parameter groups abo Group 1.					groups above			

8.2. Parameter Group 3 – PID Control

8.2.1. Overview

PT Series P2 provides an internal PID controller. Parameters for configuration of the PID controller are located together in Group 3. For simple applications, the user needs to only define the setpoint source (P3-05 to select the source or P3-06 for a fixed setpoint), feedback source (P3-10) and adjust the P Gain (P3-01), 1 time (P3-02) and optionally the differential time (P3-03).

The PID operation is uni-directional, and all signals are treated as 0 – 100% to provide a simple, intuitive operating format.

8.2.2. Parameter List

Par	Parameter Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
	PID Proportional Gain	0.0	30.0	1.0	-
P3-01	PID Controller Proportional Gain. Higher frequency in response to small changes instability.				

Par		Parameter Name		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
P3-02	PID Integral Time Constant		0.0	30.0	1.0	S			
	PID Controller Integral Time. Larger values provide a more damped response for systems where the overall process responds slowly.								
P3-03	PID Differential Time Constant			0.00	1.00	0.00	s		
P3-03	PID Differential Time Constant.								
P3-04	PID Operating Mode			0	1	0	-		
	o	Direct	Use this mode if an increase in the motor spee result in an increase in the feedback signal.				d should		
	1	Inverse	Use this mode if an increase in the motor speed sho result in a decrease in the feedback signal.						
	PID Reference Select			0	2	0	-		
P3-05	0	Digital preset	P3-06 is used.						
P3-05	1	Analog Input 1	Analog Input 1 as displayed in PO-01 is used.						
	2	Analog Input 2	Analog Input 2 as displayed in PO-02 is used.						
	PIC	Digital Reference Va	lue	0.0	100.0	0.0	%		
P3-06	When $P3-05 = 0$, this parameter sets the preset digital reference (setpoint) used for the PID Controller. Where the feedback is provided from a transducer such as a pressure transducer or level measurement, this represents the percentage of the pressure range (e.g. for a $0 - 10$ Bar transducer, 4 bar = 40%) or the level.								
P3-07	F	PID Output Upper Lim	it	P3-08	100.0	100.0	%		
F3-07	Limits the maximum value output from the PID controller.								
P3-08	PID Output Lower Limit			0.0	P3-07	0.0	%		
P3-00	Limits the minimum output from the PID controller.								
	I	PID Output Limit Selec	t	0	3	0	-		
	0	Digital Output Limits		output range of the PID controller is limited by the es of P3-07 & P3-08.					
P3-09	1	Upper limit set by analog input 1	The output range of the PID controller is limited by values of P3-08 & the signal applied to Analog Input						
	2	Lower limit set by analog input 1	The output range of the PID controller is limited by the signal applied to Analog Input 1 & the value of P3-07.						
	3	PID output added to analog input 1	The output value from the PID Controller is added to the speed reference applied to the Analog Input 1.				d to the		

Par		Parameter Name		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
		PID Feedback Select		0	5	0	-			
	o			Analog Inpu	it 2					
	1			Analog Inpu	ıt 1					
P3-10	2			Motor Curre	ent					
	3			DC Bus Volta	ıge					
	4	Differential : Analog Input 1 – Analog Input 2								
	5 Largest Value : Analog Input 1 or Analog Input 2									
	PID Error To Enable Ramp 0.0 25.0 0.0 %									
P3-11	Defines a threshold PID error level, whereby if the difference between the setpoint and feedback values is less than the set threshold, the internal ramp times of the drive are disabled. Where a greater PID error exists, the ramp times are enabled to limit the rate of change of motor speed on large PID errors, and react quickly to small errors. Setting to 0.0 means that the drive ramps are always enabled. This parameter is intended to allow the user to disable the drive internal ramps where a fast reaction to the PID control is required, however by only disabling the ramps when a small PID error exists, the risk of possible over current or over voltage trips being generated are reduced.									
	PID	Feedback Display Sca	ling	0.000	50.000	0.000	-			
P3-12		es a scaling factor to the c I signal level from a transdu				e user to dis	play the			
		PID Error Wake Level		0.0	100.0	5.0	%			
P3-13	PID co	programmable level where ontrol, the selected feedbac to normal operation.								
		PID Reset Control		0	1	1	-			
P3-18	0	Continuous operation	contin or dis contro	uously, regardl sabled. This co	mode, the PID controller operates dless of whether the drive is enabled can result in the output of the PID the maximum level prior to the drive g applied.					
	۱	Operate only when the drive is enabled	when	the drive is en	de, the PID con abled, and her rive is enabled.					

8.2.3. Parameter Group 4 – High Performance Motor Control

Overview

Parameters relating to the motor control are located together in Group 4. These parameters allow the user to :

- Select the motor type to match the connected motor.
- Carry out an autotune.
- Define the torque limits and setpoint source for control methods that support this (vector control methods only).

PT Series P2 can operate with both Asynchronous Induction Motors, the type most commonly seen today, and also some synchronous motors. The sections below provide basic guidance on how to adjust the parameters to operate with the required motor type.

8.2.4. Asynchronous IM Motors

IM Motor Control Methods

IM Motors may be operated in the following modes :

- V/F Speed Control (Default Mode)
 - o This mode provides the simplest control, and is suitable for a wide range of applications.
- Sensorless Vector Torque Control
 - This method is suitable for specific applications only, which require the motor torque to be the primary control function, rather than speed, and should be used with extreme care only in specific applications.
- Sensorless Vector Speed Control
 - o This method provides increased starting torque compared to V/F mode, along with improved motor speed regulation with changing load conditions. This method is suitable for more demanding applications.

Operating in Sensorless Vector Speed Control Mode

PT Series P2 can be programmed by the user to operate in Sensorless Vector mode, which provides enhanced low speed torque, optimum motor speed regulation regardless of load and accurate control of the motor torque. In most applications, the default Voltage Vector control mode will provide adequate performance, however if Sensorless Vector operation is required, use the following procedure.

- Ensure advanced parameter access is enabled by setting P1-14 = 101.
- Enter the motor nameplate details into the relevant parameters as follows :
 - o P1-07 Motor Rated Voltage
 - o P1-08 Motor Rated Current
 - o P1-09 Motor Rated Frequency
 - o (Optional) P1-10 Motor Rated Speed (Rpm)
 - o P4-05 Motor Power Factor.
- Select Sensorless Vector Speed Control mode by setting P4-01 = 0.
- Ensure that the motor is correctly connected to the drive.

• Carry out a motor data Autotune by setting P4-02 = 1.



The Autotune will begin immediately when P4-O2 is set regardless of the status of the drive enable signal. Whilst the autotune procedure does not drive or spin the motor, the motor shaft may still turn slightly. It is not normally necessary to uncouple the load from the motor; however the user should ensure that no risk arises from the possible movement of the motor shaft.

It is essential that the correct motor data is entered into the relevant drive parameters. Incorrect parameter settings can result in poor or even dangerous performance.

8.2.5. Synchronous Motors

Overview

PT Series P2 provides open loop vector control of the following synchronous motor types.

Permanent Magnet AC (PM AC) Motors

PT Series P2 can be used to control Permanent Magnet AC motors without a feedback encoder or resolver. These motors operate synchronously, and a vector control strategy is used to maintain correct operation. In general, the motor can be operated between 10% - 100% of rated speed with a correctly selected and configured drive. Optimum control is achieved when the motor back EMF / Rated speed ratio is >= 1V/Hz. Motors with Back EMF / Rated frequency ratio below this level may not operate correctly, or may operate only with reduced speed range.

PM AC motor control employs the same strategy, and the same commissioning method is applied.



Permanent Magnet motors produce an output voltage known as the Back EMF when the shaft is rotated. The user must ensure that the motor shaft cannot rotate at a speed where this Back EMF exceeds the voltage limit for the drive, otherwise damage can occur.

The following parameter settings are necessary before attempting to operate the motor.

- Ensure advanced parameter access is enabled by setting P1-14 = 101 (default value for security access).
- Enter the motor nameplate details into the relevant parameters as follows :
 - o P1-07 Back EMF at Rated Frequency / Speed (kE)

This is the voltage imposed by the magnets at the drive output terminals when the motor operates at rated frequency or speed. Some motors may provide a value for volts per thousand RPM, and it may be necessary to calculate the correct value for P1-07.

- o P1-08 Motor Rated Current.
- o P1-09 Motor Rated Frequency.
- o (Optional) P1-10 Motor Rated Speed (Rpm).
- Select PM Motor Speed control mode by setting P4-01 = 3 or BLDC Motor Speed Control by setting P4-01 = 5.
- Ensure that the motor is correctly connected to the drive.
- Carry out a motor data Autotune by setting P4-02 = 1.
 - o The autotune measures the electrical data required from the motor to ensure good control.

- To improve motor starting and low speed operation, the following parameters may require adjustment :
 - o P7-14 : Low Frequency Torque Boost Current : Injects additional current into the motor to help rotor alignment at low output frequency. Set as % of P1-08.
 - o P7-15 : Low Frequency Torque Boost Frequency Limit : Defines the frequency range where the torque boost is applied. Set as % of P1-09.

Following the steps above, it should be possible to operate the motor. Further parameter settings are possible to enhance the performance if required, please refer to your J.K. Fenner Drives Sales Partner for more information.

8.2.6. Synchronous Reluctance (Syn RM) Motors

When operating with Synchronous Reluctance motors, carry out the following steps :

- Ensure advanced parameter access is enabled by setting P1-14 = 101 (default value for security access).
- Enter the motor nameplate details into the relevant parameters as follows :
 - o P1-07 Motor Rated Voltage.
 - o P1-08 Motor Rated Current.
 - o P1-09 Motor Rated Frequency.
 - o (Optional) P1-10 Motor Rated Speed (Rpm).
 - o P4-05 Motor Power Factor.
- Select Synchronous Reluctance Motor Control mode by setting P4-01 = 6.
- Ensure that the motor is correctly connected to the drive.
- Carry out a motor data Autotune by setting P4-02 = 1.

8.2.7. Group 4 Parameter Listing



Incorrect adjustment of parameters in menu group 4 can cause unexpected behaviour of the motor and any connected machinery. It is recommended that these parameters are only adjusted by experienced users.

Par		Paramete	er Name		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units	
	N	Aotor Con	trol Mod	le	0	6	2	-	
	Setting	Motor Type	Primary Control	Control Method	Add	litional Info	rmation		
	0	IM	Speed	Vector	Speed contro Source select	ol with Torque ed by P4-06.	Limit. Torq	ue Limit	
P4-01	ı	IM	Torque	Vector	Torque Control with Speed Lim reference selected by P4-06. Sp defined by the Speed Reference.				
P4-01	2	IM	Speed	V/F	V/F control for simple applications w standard IM Motors.				
	3	AC PM	Speed	Vector	For speed c Sinusoidal ba	ontrol of AC ck EMF.	PM moto	ors with	
	4	AC PM	Torque	Vector	For torque control of AC PM motors w Sinusoidal back EMF.				
	5	Syn RM	Speed	Vector	For speed contr	e motors.			
	M	otor Auto-	tune End	able	0	1	0	-	
P4-02	parameter		um control	and efficie	out a non-rotati ncy. Following				
	Ve	ector Spee Proportic			0.1	400.0	50.0	%	
P4-03	or Vector frequency current tri adjusted t actual out	Sets the proportional gain value for the speed controller when operating in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (P4-01 = 0 or 1). Higher values provide better output requency regulation and response. Too high a value can cause instability or even over current trips. For applications requiring best possible performance, the value should be adjusted to suit the connected load by gradually increasing the value and monitoring the actual output speed of the load until the required dynamic behaviour is achieved with little or no overshoot where the output speed exceeds the setpoint.							
	~	-			e higher value ain to be reduce		nal gain, ar	nd high	
	Vector	Speed Co Time Co		Integral	0.010	2.000	0.050	s	
P4-04	Sets the integral time for the speed controller. Smaller values provide a faster response in to motor load changes, at the risk of introducing instability. For best dynamic performa value should be adjusted to suit the connected load.								
	Mo	tor Power	Factor o	os Ø	0.50	0.99	-	-	
P4-05		erating in Ve neplate pow		ed motor co	ontrol modes, t	his parameter	must be se	t to the	

Par		Parameter Name		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
	Torque	e Control Reference Source	e / Limit	0	5	0	-			
	0	Maximum torque limit P4-07	The torque	controller refe	rence / limit is	set in P4-0	7.			
	1	Analog Input 1	to Analog	Input 1, wher drive output t	olled based on eby 100% inp orque being li	ut signal le	evel will			
P4-06	2	Analog Input 2	to Analog	Input 2, wher drive output t	olled based on eby 100% inp orque being li	ut signal le	evel will			
	3	Fieldbus	the commu level will re	ut torque is controlled based on the signal from nunications Fieldbus, whereby 100% input signal result in the drive output torque being limited by set in P4-07.						
	4	Master / Slave	Drive Mast	er / Slave, wh drive output t	olled based on ereby 100% in orque being li	put signal l	evel will			
	5	PID output	PID control	output torque is controlled based on the output of the controller, whereby 100% input signal level will result ne drive output torque being limited by the value set in 07.						
	Maximum Torque / Current Limit P4-08 500 150 %									
P4-07	this paran with P4-0 When op	perating in V/F Mode e drive will provide to	um torque li $(P4-O1 = 2)$	mit or referenc ?), this parame	e used by the c eter defines the	drive in con e maximum	junction n output			
	N	Ainimum Torque Lii	mit	P4-08	150	0	%			
P4-08	Active only in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (P4-01 = 0 or 1). Sets a minimum torque limit, whereby when the PT Series is enabled, it will always attempt to maintain this torque on the motor at all times whilst operating.									
		NOTE This param drive output freq and may exceed	juency wi	ll increase t	o achieve th					
	Reg	generative Torque	Limit	0.0	500	100	%			
P4-09		y in Vector Speed or Ve regenerating torque al			modes (P4-01	= 0 or 1).	Sets the			

Par		Paramete	er Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
	V/	F Characteris Frequ	stic Adjustment ency	0.0	P1-09	0.0	Hz			
P4-10	freque	ncy point at whic	'F mode (P4-01 = 2), ch the voltage set in P4 nd damaging the moto	1-11 is applied	to the motor. C					
P4-11	V/	F Characteris Volte	itic Adjustment age	0	P1-07	0	v			
		-	th parameter P4-10.							
			oad Retention	0	1	1	-			
	0	Disabled								
P4-12	ı	Enabled	ermal overload otect the motor monitors the m- e usage excee the power sup of the accumu ring power off.	dgainst de otor output ds the thern oply from th	amage. current nal limit. ne drive					
		Output Phas	e Sequence	0	1	0	-			
P4-13	o	U, V, W	Stand motor phase rotation of the motor.	sequence. T_{y}	pically, this p	rovides cla	ockwise			
	1	U,W,V		Reverse motor phase sequence. Typically this provides counter- clockwise rotation of the motor.						
	Tł	hermal Overl	oad Reaction	0	1	0	-			
	o	Trip	When the overload accumulator reaches the limit, the drive will trip on It.trp to prevent damage to the motor.							
P4-14	1	Current Limit Reduction	When the overload of limit is internally reduc The current limit will re accumulator reaches	ced to 100% o eturn to the se	f P1-08 in orde	er to avoid o	an It.trp.			
	M	laster Mode (Master-Slo	Configuration ave Mode)	0	1	0	-			
P4-15	o	Motor speed & torque reference	Mode, the data broc Speed and the Mas	the drive functions as a Master in Master-Slave badcast on the drive network is the Master Actual aster Torque Reference. This mode is suitable for ications which required speed following.						
	1	Speed reference & motor torque	Mode, the data broa Reference and the N	the drive functions as a Master in Master-Slave badcast on the drive network is the Master Speed Master Actual Torque. This mode is suitable for lications which required load sharing between						

8.3. Parameter Group 5 – Communication Parameters

8.3.1. Overview

PT Series P2 provides many methods to allow the user to connect to a variety of fieldbus networks. In addition, connection to options such as external keypads, PC and Optistick are possible. Parameter Group 5 provides the parameters required to configure the various fieldbus interfaces and connection points.

8.3.2. Connecting Powertran Drives Options

All Powertran Drives options which require communication with the drive, such as the Optiport and Optipad remote keypads and Optistick connect to the PT Series P2 using the built in RJ45 connection point. The pin connections on these options are already matched, such that a simple pin to pin plug in cable can be used to connect these options without any special requirements.

For further information on connecting and using these optional items, refer to the specific option User guide.

8.3.3. Connecting to a PC

PT Series P2 may be connected to a PC with Microsoft Windows operating system to allow use of the Optitools Studio PC software for commissioning and monitoring. There are two possible methods of connection as follows :

- Wired Connection. Requires the optional PC connection kit OPT-2-USB485-OBUS which provides a USB to RS485 serial port conversion and premanufactured RJ45 connection.
- Bluetooth Wireless Connection. Requires the optional Optistick OPT-3-STICK. The PC must have Bluetooth onboard or a suitable Bluetooth dongle which can support a Bluetooth serial connection.

With either communication method, the steps to establish a connection between the PC and drive are as follows :

- Download and install the Optitools Studio PC software to the PC.
- Start the software, and select the Parameter Editor function.
- If the drive address has been changed in parameter P5-01, ensure that in the Optitools Studio software the Network Scan Limit setting in the lower left corner of the screen is set to the same or higher value.
- In Optitools Studio select Tools > Communication Type.
 - o If using the Optistick, Select BlueTooth.
 - o If using the wired PC connection kit, select RS485.

 In Optitools Studio select Tools > Select COM Port > Select the COM port associated with the connection.

• Click the Scan Drive Network button in the lower left corner of the screen.

8.3.4. Modbus RTU Connection

PT Series P2 supports Modbus RTU communication. Connection is made through the RJ45 connector. For further information refer to section 9.2. Modbus RTU Communications on page 94.

8.3.5. CAN Open Connection

PT Series P2 supports CAN Open communication. Connection is made through the RJ45 connector. For further information refer to section 9.3. CAN Open Communication on page 96.

8.3.6. Other Fieldbus Networks

Additional fieldbus network protocols are supported using optional interfaces. Refer to the J.K. Fenner Drives website for a list of supported protocols and the required interface option modules.

8.3.7. Communication Parameters

Par		Name		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units				
	Drive	Fieldbus A	ddress	1	63	1	-				
P5-01	When us Modbus address t	RTU Commun han 63 is requ	RTU, this po ications for vired, P5-16	arameter sets t further informat can be used –	he Node Addre ion. Please note see P5-16 for fi s of the drive for	e that if a higl urther informa	ner Modbus tion.				
P5-02	C	AN Baud Ra	ate	125	1000	500	kbps				
P5-02	Sets the b	baud rate whe	n CAN Op	en communicati	ions are used.						
P5-03	Mode	ous RTU Bau	id rate	9.6	115.2	115.2	kbps				
PJ-03	Sets the baud rate when Modbus RTU communications are used.										
	Modbu	us RTU Data	Format	-	-	n-1	-				
	Sets the expected Modbus telegram data format as follows :										
P5-04	n- 1	No Parity, 1	No Parity, 1 stop bit								
P J-0 4	n-2	No parity, 2	stop bits								
	0-1	Odd parity,	1 stop bit								
	E- 1	Even parity, 1 stop bit									
	Com	munication Timeout	s Loss	0.0	5.0	1.0	Seconds				
P5-05	received	Sets the watchdog time period for the communications channel. If a valid telegram is not received by the PT Series within this time period, the drive will assume a loss of communications has occurred and react as selected below. Setting to zero disables the function.									
	Com	munication Action	s Loss	0	3	0	-				
	0			Trip & Co	ast To Stop						
P5-06	1			Ramp to St	op Then Trip						
	2		R	amp to Stop	Only (No Tri	p)					
	3			Run at Pre	set Speed 8						
	Field	bus Ramp C	ontrol	0	1	0	-				
P5-07	0	Disabled	Ramps ar P1-04.	e controlled fro	om internal drive	e parameters	P1-03 and				
	1	Enabled	Ramps are	e controlled dire	ectly by the Field	lbus PDI4 Da	ta Word.				

Par		Name		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
	Field	lbus PDO-4 Data Select	1	0	7	0	-		
	0	Motor torque	0 to	2000 = 0 to 2	00.0%				
	1	Motor power		out power in kV 400 = 4.00kW	V to two decimo /	al places,			
P5-08	2	Digital Input Status		indicates digito itus etc	al input 1 status,	bit 1 indicates	s digital input		
	3	Analog Input 2	0 to	1000 = 0 to 10	0.0%				
	4	Heatsink Temperature	0 to	0 to $100 = 0$ to 100° C					
	5	User register 1	User	Defined Regist	er 1 Value				
	6	User register 2	User	Defined Regist	er 1 Value				
	7	PO-80 value	User Selected data value						
	Field	lbus PDO-3 Data Select	1	0	7	0	-		
	0	Motor current	Output current to 1 decimal place, e.g. 100 = 10.0 Am						
	1	Motor power	Output power in kW to two decimal places, e.g. 400 = 4.00kW						
P5-12	2	Digital input status	Bit O indicates digital input 1 status, bit 1 indicates digital in 2 status etc						
	3	Analog Input 2	0 to 1000 = 0 to 100.0%						
	4	Heatsink Temperature	0 to	100 = 0 to 100)°C				
	5	User register 1	User	Defined Regist	er 1 Value				
	6	User register 2	User	Defined Regist	er 1 Value				
	7	PO-80 value	User	Selected data	value				
	Field	ous PDI-4 Functio Select	on	0	1	0	-		
DE 10	0	Fieldbus ramps	dece	eleration ramps	e selected if the are to be cor set to 1 to enal	ntrolled from	the fieldbus.		
P5-13	1	User register 4	P5-07 must also be set to 1 to enable this function. The value received by the drive in PDI 4 is transferred Register 4. This option allows the function of the proce word to be defined in Parameter Group 9. In this cas Register 4 should not be written to within any PLC f code, although the value can be read.						

Par		Name		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
	Fieldbus PDI-3 Function Select			0	2	0	-			
	0	Torque reference / limit	setpo		selected if the a trolled from the					
P5-14	1	PID reference	rece P9-3	This option allows the setpoint to the PID controller to be received from the Fieldbus. In order for this option to be used, P9-38 must be set to 1, and the PID User setpoint must not be utilised within the PLC function.						
	2 User register 3 The value received by the drive in PDI 3 is transferred to Use Register 3. This option allows the function of the process data word to be defined in Parameter Group 9. In this case, Use Register 3 should not be written to within any PLC function code, although the value can be read.									
	Modbus Response Delay 0 16 0 Chr									
P5-15	the Mode addition t	e user to configure ous RTU interface, ar o the minimum delay d as the number of a	nd tran / perm	smitting a reply issible accordin	. The value enter	red represents	the delay in			
	Drive	Modbus Addre	SS	0	273	0	-			
P5-16	The drive Modbus (and Optibus) address is set in P5-01 which has a maximum value of 63. If a higher Modbus address is required for a larger network, it can be set in this parameter. If this parameter is set to a value greater than 0, this address will become the Drive Modbus address. If this value is set to 0, P5-01 determines the Drive Modbus address.									

8.4. Advanced Parameters

For Advanced Parameters, basic information only is provided in this guide. The parameter functions are described more fully in Optitools Studio PC software.

8.4.1. Parameter Group 6 – Advanced Configuration

Par	Function	Setting Range		Default	Notes	
		0	Disabled		This parameter	
P6-01	Eirmunen Haarada Enabla	1	Update I/O & P/S	0	should not be	
	Firmware Upgrade Enable	2	Update I/O	0	adjusted by the	
		3	Update P/S		user.	
P6-02	Thermal Overload Management	4 – 32kHz (Model Dependent)		4 kHz	Minimum Effective Switching Frequency.	
P6-03	Auto Reset Time Delay	1 – 60 Seconds		20s		
P6-04	Relay Output Hysteresis		0.0 – 25.0%	0.3%		

Par	Function		Setting Range	Default	Notes
		0	Disabled		
P6-05	Encoder Feedback Enable	1	Enabled	0	
P6-06	Encoder PPR	0 - 65535		0	
P6-07	Speed Error Trip Threshold		0.0 - 100.0%	5.0%	
P6-08	Max Speed Reference Frequency		0 – 20kHz	0 kHz	
P6-09	Speed Droop Control		0.0 – 25.0%	0.0%	
P6-10	Function Block Program	0	Disabled	0	
P0-10	Enable	1	Enabled	0	
P6-11	Speed Hold Time on Enable		0 – 250s	Os	
P6-12	Speed Hold / DC Injection Time on Disable	0 – 250s		Os	
P6-13	Hoist Brake Release Time	0.0 – 5.0s		0.2s	
P6-14	Hoist Brake Apply Time	0.0 - 5.0s		0.3s	
P6-15	Hoist Brake Pre-Torque Level	0.0 - 200.0%		8.0%	
P6-16	Hoist Pre-Torque Time Limit		0.0 - 25.0s	5.0s	
P6-17	Maximum Torque Time Limit		0.0 - 25.0s	0.0s	
P6-18	DC Injection Broking Current		0.0 - 100.0%	0.0%	This function is active only for Induction Motors (IM) and Synchronous Reluctance Motor (SyncRM).
P6-19	Brake Resistor Resistance		Model Depende	ent	
P6-20	Brake Resistor Power		Model Depende	ent	
P6-21	Brake Chopper Ut Duty		0.0 - 20.0%	2.0%	
P6-22	Reset Fan Run Time	0	No Reset	0	
10-12	Keserrun Kun hime	1	Reset		
P6-23	Reset Energy Meters	0	No Reset	0	
F0-23	Kesel Lileigy Melels	1	Reset		

Par	Function	Setting Range		Default	Notes
P6-24	Maintenance Time Interval	0 – 60000 Hours		0 Hours	
P6-25	Reset Maintenance	0	No Reset	0	
	Indicator		Reset	0	
P6-26	Analog Output 1 Scaling	0.0 - 500.0%		100.0%	
P6-27	Analog Output 1 Offset	-500.0 – 500.0%		0.0%	
P6-28	PO-80 Display Index	0 - 200		0	
			No Function		
P6-29	User Default Parameters	1	Save user parameters	0	
		2	Clear user parameters		
P6-30	Level 3 (Advanced) Access Code	0 – 9999		201	

8.4.2. Parameter Group 7 – Motor Control

Par.	Function	Se	tting Range	Default	Notes
P7-01	Motor Stator Resistance	0.0	000 - 65.535		
P7-02	Motor Rotor Resistance	0.0	000 - 65.535		Motor data, measured
P7-03	Motor Stator Inductance (d)	0.0	0000 - 1.0000		or calculated during the autotune.
P7-04	Magnetising Current (id)	Dr	ive Dependent	Drive	P7-04 is not used for
P7-05	Motor Leakage Coefficient (Sigma)	0	.000 – 0.250	Dependent	PM & BLDC Motors. P7-06 is used only for
P7-06	Motor Q Axis Inuctance (Lsq)	0.0	0000 - 1.0000		PM motors.
			Disable		Improves motor control
P7-07	Enhanced Generator Mode	1	Enable	0	in applications with high regenerative power requirement.
		0	Disabled		Enables motor
P7-08	Motor Parameter Adaptation]	Enable	0	parameter adaptation, intended to compensate for changes in the motor temperature during operation.
P7-09	Over Voltage Current Limit	0.0 - 100.0%		5.0%	
P7-10	Load Inertia Constant		0 - 600	10	

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Par.	Function	Se	etting Range	Default	Notes
P7-11	Pulse Width Minimum Limit		0 - 500	150	
P7-12	V/F Mode Magnetising Delay Time		0 – 5000ms	Drive Dependent	Sets the motor magnetising period in V/F Mode. Sets the motor alignment time in PM modes.
P7-13	Vector Speed Controller Differential Gain		0.0 - 400%	0.00	Derivative speed loop gain applied in Vector control modes.
P7-14	Low Frequency Torque Boost	().0 – 100.0%	0.0%	For PM Motors, applies a torque boost current at low frequency, % x P1-08.
P7-15	Torque Boost Frequency Limit	0.0 - 50.0%		0.0%	For PM motors, determines the frequency, % x P1-09 when the boost current is removed.
		0	Disabled		
			Signal Injection During Magnetizing Period		
P7-16	PM Motor Signal Injection	2	Signal Injection at Low Speed	0	
			Signal Injection During Magnetizing Period and at Low Speed		
P7-17	Signal Injection Level		0 - 100	10	
P7-18	Over Modulation	0	Disabled	0	
		1	Enable		
		0	3-Phase Modulation		
P7-19	Modulation Mode		2-Phase Modulation	0	

Par.	Function	Set	ting Range	Default	Notes
P8-01	Acceleration Ramp 2	0.00 - 600	0.0 / 0.0 - 6000.0s	5.0s	
P8-02	Ramp 1 → 2 Speed Boundary	0.0 -	P1-01 Hz / Rpm	0.0	
P8-03	Acceleration Ramp 3	0.00 - 600	0.0 / 0.0 - 6000.0s	5.0s	
P8-04	Ramp 2 → 3 Speed Boundary	0.0 -	P1-01 Hz / Rpm	0.0	
P8-05	Acceleration Ramp 4	0.00 - 600	0.0 / 0.0 - 6000.0s	5.0s	
P8-06	Ramp 3 → 4 Speed Boundary	0.0 -	P1-01 Hz / Rpm	0.0	
P8-07	Deceleration Ramp 4	0.00 - 600	0.0 / 0.0 - 6000.0s	5.0s	
P8-08	Ramp 4 → 3 Speed Boundary	0.0 -	P1-01 Hz / Rpm	0.0	
P8-09	Deceleration Ramp 3	0.00 - 600	0.0 / 0.0 - 6000.0s	5.0s	
P8-10	Ramp 3 → 2 Speed Boundary	0.0 -	0.0 – P1-O1 Hz / Rpm		
P8-11	Deceleration Ramp 2	0.00 - 600	0.0 / 0.0 - 6000.0s	5.0s	
P8-12	Ramp 2 → 1 Speed Boundary	0.0 -	0.0 – P1-01 Hz / Rpm		
P8-13		0	Digital input selection	0	
Ramp Select Control		1	Speed based selection	0	

8.4.3. Parameter Group 8 – Additional Ramps and Functions

8.4.4. Parameter Group 9 – User Inputs and Output Programming

Par.	Function		Setting Range	Default	Notes		
P9-01	Enable Input Source		These parameters allow the user to directly select the source of				
P9-02	Fast Stop Input Source	the	the various command points. Parameters are only adjustable if $P1-13 = 0$. This allows complete flexibility over the drive control functions, and interaction with the internal Function				
P9-03	Run Forward Input Source	со					
P9-04	Run Reverse Input Select	Blc	ock programming environn	nent.			
			OFF	0			
P9-05	P9-05 Latch Function Enable		ON	0			

Par.	Function	Setting Range Default Notes
P9-06	Reverse Input Source	
P9-07	Reset Input Source	
P9-08	External Trip Input Source	See above
P9-09	Terminal Control Select Source	
P9-10	Speed Reference Source 1	
P9-11	Speed Reference Source 2	
P9-12	Speed Reference Source 3	
P9-13	Speed Reference Source 4	In combination with P9-18 – P9-20, allow selection of
P9-14	Speed Reference Source 5	several speed reference sources for common applications.
P9-15	Speed Reference Source 6	
P9-16	Speed Reference Source 7	
P9-17	Speed Reference Source 8	
P9-18	Speed Reference Select Input O	
P9-19	Speed Reference Select Input 1	
P9-20	Speed Reference Select Input 2	
P9-21	Preset Speed Select Input O	
P9-22	Preset Speed Select Input 1	
P9-23	Preset Speed Select Input 2	
P9-24	Acceleration Ramp Select Bit O	See above
P9-25	Acceleration Ramp Select Bit 1	See above
P9-26	Deceleration Ramp Bit O	
P9-27	Deceleration Ramp Bit 1	
P9-28	Motorised Pot Up Input Source	
P9-29	Motorised Pot Down Input Source	
P9-30	Speed Limit Switch Forward	
P9-31	Speed Limit Switch Reverse	

Par.	Function		Setting Range	Default	Notes
		0	Defined by P2-11	0	These
		1	Function block		parameters
P9-33	Analog Output 1 Source		program - digital		allow the
		2	Function block		user to override
			program - analog		the normal
		0	Defined by P2-13	0	parameter
		1	Function block		control
P9-34	Analog Output 2 Source		program - digital		source for the
		2	Function block		associated
			program - analog		function,
		0	Defined by P2-15	0	allowing
P9-35	P9-35 Relay 1 Control Source	1	Function block		interaction with the
			program - digital		internal
50.07		0	Defined by P2-18	0	Function
P9-36	Relay 2 Control Source	1	Function block		Block
			program - digital		programming
P9-37	Display Scaling Source	0	Defined by P2-21	0	environment.
P9-37	Control	1	Function block		
		0	program - digital	0	-
P9-38	PID Reference Source		Defined by P3-05 Function block	0	
F7-30	FID Reference Source		program - digital		
		0	Defined by P3-10	0	-
P9-39	PID Feedback Source	1	Eunction block	0	
F7-37	TID TEEdback Source	'	program - digital		
		0	Defined by P4-06	0	-
P9-40	Torque Reference Source	1	Function block	Ŭ	
		'	program - digital		
		0	Healthy : Tripped :	0	1
			Running	-	
P9-41	Relay 3,4,5 Function	1	Function block		
			program - digital		

8.5. Parameter Group 0 - Monitoring Parameters (Read Only)

Par.	Function	Units
P0-01	Analog Input 1 Value	%
P0-02	Analog Input 2 Value	%
P0-03	Digital Input Status – Bit representation (0 or 1) where the left most digit indicates the status of Digital Input 1	N/A
P0-04	Speed Controller Reference	Hz / RPM
P0-05	Torque Controller Reference	%

Par.	Function	Units					
P0-06	Digital Speed Reference	Hz / RPM					
P0-07	Fieldbus Speed Reference	Hz / RPM					
P0-08	PID Reference (Setpoint)						
P0-09	PID Feedback	%					
P0-10	PID Output	%					
PO-11	Motor Voltage	V					
PO-12	Output Torque	%					
PO-13	Trip Log – Last 4 Trips	N/A					
PO-14	Magnetising Current (id)	A					
PO-15	Rotor Current (iq)	А					
P0-16	DC Bus Voltage Ripple	V					
P0-17	Motor Stator Resistance Rs	Ω					
PO-18	Motor Stator Inductance Ls	Н					
P0-19	Motor Rotor Resistance Rr	Ω					
P0-20	DC Bus Voltage	V					
P0-21	Heatsink Temperature	°C					
P0-22	Time Left To Next Service						
P0-23	Time Heatsink > 85°C HH						
P0-24	Time Internal > 80°C HH						
P0-25	Estimated Rotor Speed Hz /						
P0-26	kWh Meter	kWh					
P0-27	MWh Meter	MWh					
P0-28	Software Version	N/A					
P0-29	Drive type	N/A					
P0-30	Drive serial number	N/A					
PO-31	Total Run Time	HH:MM:SS					
P0-32	Run Time Since Last Trip 1 HH:MM:						
PO-33	Run Time Since Last Trip HH:MM:S						
PO-34	Run Time Since Last Enable HH:MM:SS						
PO-35	Cooling fan operating time Hours						
P0-36	DC Bus Voltage Log : 8 samples, 256ms	V					
PO-37	DC Bus Voltage Ripple Log : 8 samples 20ms	V					

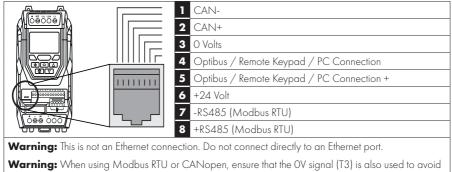
Par.	Function	Units			
P0-38	Heatsink Temperature Log : 8 samples, 30s	°C			
P0-39	Internal Temperature Log : 8 samples, 30s	°C			
P0-40	Motor Current Log : 8 samples 256ms	A			
PO-41	O-I Fault Counter	N/A			
P0-42	O-Volts Fault Counter	N/A			
P0-43	U-Volts Fault Counter	N/A			
P0-44	Heatsink O-Temp Counter	N/A			
P0-45	Brake resistor over current trip counter	N/A			
P0-46	Internal over temperature trip count	N/A			
P0-47	I/O Comms Fault Counter	N/A			
P0-48	DSP Comms Fault Counter	N/A			
P0-49	Modbus RTU Fault Counter	N/A			
P0-50	CAN Fault Counter	N/A			
PO-51	PDI cyclic data	N/A			
P0-52	PDO cyclic data	N/A			
P0-53	Phase U Current Offset and Reference	N/A			
P0-54	Phase V Current Offset and Reference	N/A			
P0-55	Reserved	N/A			
P0-56	Brake Max On Time / Duty	N/A			
P0-57	Ud / Uq	N/A			
PO-58	Encoder Feedback Speed	Hz / RPM			
P0-59	Frequency Input Speed	Hz / RPM			
P0-60	Calculated Slip Speed	Hz / RPM			
P0-61	Relay Speed Hysteresis	Hz / RPM			
P0-62	Droop speed	Hz / RPM			
P0-63	Post ramp speed reference	Hz / RPM			
P0-64	Actual Eff. Switching Frequency	kHz			
P0-65	Drive Total Life Time HH				
P0-66	Function block program ID N				
P0-67	Overload Integration Level %				
PO-68	User ramp value	S			
P0-69	I2C Error Counter	N/A			

Par.	Function	Units		
P0-70	Option Module ID	N/A		
P0-71	Fieldbus Module ID	N/A		
P0-72	Internal Temperature	°C		
P0-73	24 Hour Timer Value	Minute		
P0-74	L1 Input Voltage	V		
P0-75	L2 Input Voltage	V		
P0-76	L3 Input Voltage	V		
P0-77	Encoder Pulse Count			
P0-78	Test parameter			
P0-79	Boot-Loader and Motor Control Version N/			
P0-80	P6-28 Selected Parameter	N/A		

9. Serial Communications

9.1. RS-485 Communications

PT Series P2 has an RJ45 connector located within the wiring enclosure of the drive. This connector allows the user to set up a drive network via a wired connection. The connector contains two independent RS485 connections, one for Powertran's Optibus Protocol and one for Modbus RTU / CANBus. Both connections can be used simultaneously. The Optibus connection is always available, and can be used simultaneously with other interfaces, however only one other interface may be used, e.g. If Modbus RTU is in use, CAN is disabled. If a Fieldbus Option Module (E.g. Profibus) is inserted into the drive, both Modbus and CAN are disabled. The electrical signal arrangement of the RJ45 connector is shown as follows:

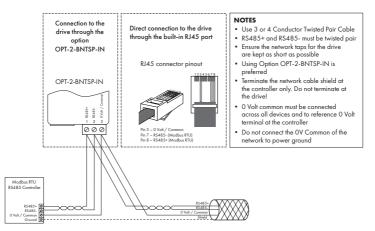


comms errors and potentially damaging common mode voltages.

- The Optibus data link is only used for connection of Powertran peripherals and inter-drive communication.
- The Modbus interface allows connection to a Modbus RTU network as described in section 9.2. Modbus RTU Communications.

9.1.1. RS-485 Communications Electrical Connections

Modbus RTU and CANbus connection should be made via the RJ45 connector. The pin assignments are as shown above, in section 9.1. RS-485 Communications.



- Modbus RTU and CANbus networks require three conductors for best operation and to eliminate common mode voltages on the drive terminals:
 - o RS485+ o RS485- o O Volt Common
- Connection should be made using a suitable dual twisted pair, shielded cable, with a wave impedance of 120 Ohms.
- Use one of the twisted pairs to connect to the RS485+ and RS485- of each drive.
- Use one conductor of the remaining pair to connect together all the O volt common connection terminals.
- The cable shield should be connected to a suitable clean ground point to prevent interference with the screen maintained as close as possible to the cable terminations.
- Do not connect the 0 Volt Common, RS485- or RS485+ to ground at any point.
- Network terminating resistor (120 Ohms) should be used at the end of the network to reduce noise.

9.2. Modbus RTU Communications

9.2.1. Modbus Telegram Structure

The PT Series P2 supports Master / Slave Modbus RTU communications, using the 03 Read Multiple Holding Registers and 06 Write Single Holding Register commands and 16 Write Multiple Holding Registers (Supported for registers 1 – 4 only). Many Master devices treat the first Register address as Register 0; therefore it may be necessary to convert the Register Numbers detailed in section 9.2.2. Modbus Control & Monitoring Registers by subtracting 1 to obtain the correct Register address.

9.2.2. Modbus Control & Monitoring Registers

The following is a list of accessible Modbus Registers available in the PT Series P2.

- When Modbus RTU is configured as the Fieldbus option, all of the listed registers can be accessed.
- Registers 1 and 2 can be used to control the drive provided that Modbus RTU is selected as the primary command source (P1-12 = 4) and no Fieldbus Option Module is installed in the drive Option Slot.
- Register 4 can be used to control the acceleration and deceleration rate of the drive providing that Fieldbus Ramp Control is enabled (P5-07 = 1).
- Registers 6 to 24 can be read regardless of the setting of P1-12.

Register Number	Upper Byte	Lower Byte	Read Write	Notes
1 Command Control Word				Command control word used to control the PT Series when operating with Modbus RTU. The Control Word bit functions are as follows:
		Bit 0 : Run/Stop command. Set to 1 to enable the drive. Set to 0 to stop the drive.		
		R/W	Bit 1 : Fast stop request. Set to 1 to enable drive to stop with 2nd deceleration ramp.	
			Bit 2 : Reset request. Set to 1 in order to reset any active faults or trips on the drive.	
			This bit must be reset to zero once the fault has been cleared.	
			Bit 3 : Coast stop request. Set to 1 to issue a coast stop command.	

Register Number	Upper Byte	Lower Byte	Read Write	Notes
2		id Speed ence	R/W	Setpoint must be sent to the drive in Hz to one decimal place, e.g. 500 = 50.0Hz.
3		d Torque ence	R/W	Setpoint must be sent to the drive in % to one decimal place, e.g. 2000 = 200.0%.
4	Commaı tim	nd Ramp les	R/W	This register specifies the drive acceleration and deceleration ramp times used when Fieldbus Ramp Control is selected (P5-08 = 1) irrespective of the setting of P1-12. The input data range is from 0 to 60000 (0.00s to $600.00s$).
6	Error code	Drive status	R	This register contains 2 bytes. The Lower Byte contains an 8 bit drive status word as follows: Bit 0 : 0 = Drive Disabled (Stopped), 1 = Drive Enabled (Running). Bit 1 : 0 = Drive Healthy, 1 = Drive Tripped. Bit 2 : No Function. Bit 3 : 0 = Drive Ready (STO Input Closed), 1 = Drive Inhibit (STO Input Open). Bit 4 : Maintenance Time Not Reached, 1 = Maintenance Time Reached. Bit 5 : 0 = Not In Standby (Sleep), 1 = Standby (Sleep) mode active. Bit 6 : 0 = Drive Not Ready, 1 = Drive Ready (Mains Power applied, No Inhibit, No Trip, Enable Input Present). Bit 7 : No Function. The Upper Byte will contain the relevant fault number in the event of a drive trip. Refer to section <i>11.1. Fault Messages</i> for
7	Output Fr	requency	R	a list of fault codes and diagnostic information. Output frequency of the drive to one decimal place, e.g. 123 = 12.3 Hz.
8	Output Current		R	Output current of the drive to one decimal place, e.g. 105 = 10.5 Amps.
9	Output Torque		R	Motor output torque level to one decimal place, e.g. 474 = 47.4 %.
10	Output Power R		R	Output power of the drive to two decimal places, e.g. 1100 = 11.00 kW.
11	Digital Inj	out Status	R	Represents the status of the drive inputs where Bit O = Digital Input 1 etc.

Register Number		.ower Byte	Read Write	Notes
20	Analog 1	Level	R	Analog Input 1 Applied Signal level in % to one decimal place, e.g. 1000 = 100.0%.
21	Analog 2 Level		R	Analog Input 2 Applied Signal level in % to one decimal place, e.g. 1000 = 100.0%.
22	Pre Ramp Speed Reference		R	Internal drive frequency setpoint.
23	DC bus voltages		R	Measured DC Bus Voltage in Volts.
24	Drive tempe	erature	R	Measured Heatsink Temperature in °C.

9.2.3. Modbus Parameter Access

All User Adjustable parameters (Groups 1 to 5) are accessible by Modbus, except those that would directly affect the Modbus communications, e.g.

- P5-01 Drive Fieldbus Address see also P5-16 Drive Modbus Address.
- P5-03 Modbus RTU Baud Rate.
- P5-04 Modbus RTU Data Format.

All parameter values can be read from the drive and written to, depending on the operating mode of the drive – some parameters cannot be changed whilst the drive is enabled for example.

When accessing a drive parameter via Modbus, the Register number for the parameter is the same as the parameter number,

e.g. Parameter P1-01 = Modbus Register 101.

Modbus RTU supports sixteen bit integer values, hence where a decimal point is used in the drive parameter, the register value will be multiplied by a factor of ten, e.g. Read Value of P1-01 = 500, therefore this is 50.0Hz.

For further details on communicating with PT Series using Modbus RTU, please refer to your local J.K. Fenner Sales Partner.

9.3. CAN Open Communication

9.3.1. Overview

The CANopen communication profile in the P2 drive is implemented according to the specification DS301 version 4.02 of CAN in automation (www.can-cia.de). Specific device profiles such as DS402 are not supported.

9.3.2. Basic Operation Setup

The CANopen communication function is enabled by default after power up however in order to use any control functions through CANopen, Parameter P1-12 must be set to 6.

The CAN communication baud rate can is selected by parameter P5-02. Available baud rates are 125kbps, 250kbps, 500kbps, 1 Mbps. Default settings is 500kbps.

The Node ID is set up through drive address parameter P5-01 with a default value of 1.

9.3.3. COB ID and Functions

	Table 1 : Messages and COB-IDs					
Туре	COB-ID	Function				
NMT	OOOh	Network management.				
Sync	080h	Synchronous message. COB-ID can be configured to other value.				
Emergency	080h + Node address	Emergency message. COB-ID can be configured to other value.				
PDO1 (TX)	180h + Node address	Process data object.				
PDO1 (RX)	200h + Node address	PDO1 is pre-mapped and enabled by default.				
PDO2 (TX)	280h + Node address	PDO2 is pre-mapped and disabled by default. Transmission mode, COB-ID and mapping can be				
PDO2 (RX)	300h + Node address	configured.				
SDO (TX)	580h + Node address					
SDO (RX)	600h + Node address	SDO channel can be used for drive parameter access.				
Error Control	700h + Node address	Guarding and Heartbeat function are supported. COB-ID can be configured to other value.				

PT Series P2 provides the following default COB-ID and functions:

NOTE

- 1. The PT Series P2 SDO channel only supports expedited transmission.
- 2. The PT Series P2 can only support up to 2 Process Data Objects (PDO). All PDOs are pre-mapped, however PDO2 is disabled by default. Table 2 gives the default PDO mapping information.
- Customer configuration (mapping) will NOT be saved during power down. This means that the CANopen configuration will restore to its default condition each time the drive is powered up.

9.3.4. Default PDO Mapping

	Table 2: PDO Default Mapping													
Туре	Objects No.	Mapped Object	Length	Mapped Function	Transmission									
	1	2000h	Unsigned 16	Control command register										
RX PDO 1	2	2001 h	Integer 16	Speed reference	254									
FDO I	3	2002h	Integer 16	Torque reference	Valid immediately									
	4	2003h	Unsigned 16	User ramp reference	ŕ									

]	200Ah	Unsigned 16	Drive status register	254
TX PDO1	2	200Bh	Integer 16	Motor speed Hz	Send after
FDOT	3	200Dh	Unsigned 16	Motor current	receiving RX
	4	200Eh	Integer 16	Motor torque	PDO 1
500]	0006h	Unsigned 16	Dummy	
SDO (RX)	2	0006h	Unsigned 16	Dummy	254
Error Control	3	0006h	Unsigned 16	Dummy	234
Coniror	4	0006h	Unsigned 16	Dummy	
]	200Fh	Unsigned 16	Motor power	
TX	2	2010h	Integer 16	Drive temperature	
PDO2	3	2011 h	Unsigned 16	DC bus value	254
	4	200Ch	Integer 16	Motor speed (Internal data format)	

* Drive control can only be achieved when P1-12=6

9.3.5. Supported PDO Transmission Types

Various transmission modes can be selected for each PDO.

For RX PDO, the following modes are supported:

	Table 3: RX PDO Transmission Mode											
Transmission Type	ssion Type Mode Description											
0 – 240	Synchronous	The received data will be transferred to the drive active control register when the next sync message is received.										
254, 255	Asynchronous	The received data will be transferred to the drive active control register immediately without delay.										

For TX PDO, the following modes are supported:

	Table 4: TX PDO Transmission Mode											
Transmission Type	Mode	Description										
0	Acyclic synchronous	TX PDO will only be sent out if the PDO data has changed and PDO will be transmitted on reception of SYNC object.										
1 - 240	Cyclic synchronous	TX PDO will be transmitted synchronously and cyclically. The transmission type indicates the number of SYNC object the are necessary to trigger TX PDO.										
254	Asynchronous	TX PDO will only be transferred once corresponding RX PDO has been received.										
255	Asynchronous	TX PDO will be transferred at anytime following a PDO data value change.										

9.3.6. CAN Open Specific Object Table

Index	Sub index	Function	Access	Туре	PDO Map	Default value
1000h	0	Device type	RO	Unsigned 32	N	0
1001 h	0	Error register	RO	Unsigned 8	N	0
1002h	0	Manufacturer status register	RO	Unsigned 16	Ν	0
1005h	0	COB-ID Sync	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	0000080h
1008h	0	Manufacturer device name	RO	String	N	ODP2
1009h	0	Manufacturer hardware version	RO	String	N	X.XX
100Ah	0	Manufacturer software version	RO	String	N	X.XX
100Ch	0	Guard time [1 ms]	RVV	Unsigned 16	N	0
100Dh	0	Life time factor	RVV	Unsigned 8	N	0
1014h	0	COB-ID EMCY	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	00000080h+ Node ID
1015h	0	Inhibit time emergency [100us]	RVV	Unsigned 16	N	0
101 <i>7</i> h	0	Producer heart beat time [1ms]	RVV	Unsigned 16	N	0
	0	Identity object No. of entries	RO	Unsigned 8	N	4
	1	Vendor ID	RO	Unsigned 32	N	0x0000031A
1018h	2	Product code	RO	Unsigned 32	N	Drive depended
	3	Revision number	RO	Unsigned 32	N	X.XX
	4	Serial number	RO	Unsigned 32	N	e.g. 1234/56/789
	0	SDO parameter No. of entries	RO	Unsigned 8	N	2
1200h	1	COB-ID client -> server (RX)	RO	Unsigned 32	N	00000600h+Node ID
	2	COB-ID server -> client (TX)	RO	Unsigned 32	Ν	00000580h+Node ID
1400	0	RX PDO1 comms param No. of entries	RO	Unsigned 8	Ν	2
1400h	1	RX PDO1 COB-ID	RVV	Unsigned 32	Ν	40000200h+Node ID
	2	RX PDO 1 transmission type	RVV	Unsigned 8	N	254

Index	Sub index	Function	Access	Туре	PDO Map	Default value
	0	RX PDO2 comms param No. of entries	RO	Unsigned 8	Ν	2
1401 h	1	RX PDO2 COB-ID	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	C0000300h+Node ID
	2	RX PDO2 transmission type	RVV	Unsigned 8	Ν	0
	0	RX PDO1 mapping / No. of entries	RVV	Unsigned 8	Ν	4
	1	RX PDO1 1st mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	20000010h
1600h	2	RX PDO1 2nd mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	20010010h
	3	RX PDO1 3rd mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	Ν	20020010h
	4	RX PDO1 4th mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	20030010h
	0	RX PDO2 mapping / No. of entries	RVV	Unsigned 8	Ν	4
	1	RX PDO2 1st mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	Ν	00060010h
1601 h	2	RX PDO2 2nd mapped object	RW	Unsigned 32	Ν	00060010h
	3	RX PDO2 3rd mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	Ν	00060010h
	4	RX PDO2 4th mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	Ν	00060010h
	0	TX PDO1 comms param No. of entries	RO	Unsigned 8	Ν	3
1800h	1	TX PDO1 COB-ID	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	40000180h+Node ID
18000	2	TX PDO 1 transmission type	RVV	Unsigned 8	Ν	254
	3	TX PDO1 Inhibit time [100us]	RVV	Unsigned 16	Ν	0
	0	TX PDO2 comms param No. of entries	RO	Unsigned 8	Ν	3
	1	TX PDO2 COB-ID	RW	Unsigned 32	N	C0000280h+Node ID
1801h	2	TX PDO2 transmission type	RVV	Unsigned 8	Ν	0
	3	TX PDO2 Inhibit time [100us]	RVV	Unsigned 16	Ν	0

Index	Sub index	Function	Access	Туре	PDO Map	Default value
	0	TX PDO1 mapping / No. of entries	RVV	Unsigned 8	Z	4
	1	TX PDO1 1st mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	200A0010h
1A00h	2	TX PDO1 2nd mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	Ν	200B0010h
	3	TX PDO1 3rd mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	Ζ	200D0010h
	4	TX PDO1 4th mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	Z	200E0010h
	0	TX PDO2 mapping / No. of entries	RVV	Unsigned 8	Ν	4
	1	TX PDO2 1st mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	Ν	200F0010h
1 A0 1h	2	TX PDO2 2nd mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	Ν	20100010h
	3	TX PDO2 3rd mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	20110010h
	4	TX PDO2 4th mapped object	RW	Unsigned 32	Ν	200C0010h

9.3.7. Manufacturer Specific Object Table

The following table shows some of the manufacturer specific object dictionary for PT Series P2. For a complete list, refer to the PT Series P2 CAN Open Application Note.

Index	Sub index	Function	Access	Туре	PDO Map	Remark
2000h	0	Control command register	RVV	Unsigned 16	Y	See Note Below
2001h	0	Speed reference	RW	Integer 16	Y	500 = 50.0Hz
2002h	0	Torque reference	RVV	Integer 16	Y	1000 = 100.0%
2003h	0	User ramp reference	RVV	Unsigned 16	Y	500 = 5.00s
200Ah	0	Drive status register	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	See Note Below
200Bh	0	Motor speed Hz	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	500 = 50.0Hz
200Dh	0	Motor current	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	123 = 12.3A
200Eh	0	Motor torque	RO	Integer 16	Y	4096 = 100.0%
200Fh	0	Motor power	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	1234 = 12.34kW
2010h	0	Drive temperature	RO	Integer 16	Y	30 = 30°C
2011h	0	DC bus value	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2012h	0	Digital input status	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2013h	0	Analog input 1 (percentage)	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	

Index	Sub index	Function	Access	Туре	PDO Map	Remark
2014h	0	Analog input 2 (percentage)	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2015h	0	Analog output 1	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2016h	0	Analog output 2	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2017 h	0	relay output 1	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2018h	0	relay output 2	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2019h	0	relay output 3 (extension card)	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
201 A h	0	relay output 4 (extension card)	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
201Bh	0	relay output 5 (extension card)	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
203Ah	0	Kilowatt hours (Can be reset by user)	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
203Bh	0	Megawatt hours (Can be reset by user)	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
203Ch	0	KWh meter	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
203Dh	0	MWh meter	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
203Eh	0	Total run hours	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
203Fh	0	Total run minute/second	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2040h	0	Current run hours (Since last enable)	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2041h	0	Current run minute/ second	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2042h	0	Time to next service	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2043h	0	Room Temperature	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2044h	0	Speed controller reference	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2045h	0	Torque controller reference	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2046h	0	Digital pot speed reference	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	

Object 2000h : Control Command Register

Status / Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0													Norm	al Oper	ation	Stop
1													Coast Stop	Reset	Fast Stop	Run

Object 200Ah : Drive Status Register

Status / Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	ο
0									N						Drive Healthy	Drive Disabled
1			Driv	e Tri	o Co	de			Fur tic	IC-	In Stand by	Main- tenance Time reached	In hibit	No Func- tion	Drive Tripped	Drive Enabled

10. Technical Data

10.1. Environmental

	Storage and Transportation	All Units	-40 60°C / -40 140°F	
		IP20 Units	-10 50°C / 14 122°F	
		IDEE	- 10 40°C / 14 104°F	UL Approved
Ambient Temperature	Operating	IP55 Units	40 50°C / 104 122°F	With derating (refer to section 10.5.1. Derating for Ambient Temperature on page 107)
		IP66 Units	- 10 40°C / 14 104°F	UL Approved
			40 50°C / 104 122°F	With derating (refer to section 10.5.1. Derating for Ambient Temperature on page 107)
			=<1000m	With UL approval
Altitude	Operating	All Units	=<4000m	With derating (refer to section 10.5.2. Derating for Altitude on page 107)
Relative Humidity	Operating	All Units	< 95%	Non-condensing, frost and moisture free

10.2. Input/Output Power and Current Ratings

The following tables provide the output current rating information for the various PT Series P2 models. J.K. Fenner always recommend that selection of the correct PT Series is based upon the motor full load current at the incoming supply voltage.

Please note that the maximum cable length stated in the following tables indicate the maximum permissible cable length for the drive hardware and does not take into consideration EMC compliance.

10.2.1. 200 – 240 Volt (+/- 10%),1 Phase Input, 3 Phase Output

Frame Size	Pov Rati		Input Curr- ent	Fuse MC (Type	В	-	ximum le Size	Rated Output Current	M Cc	imum otor ıble ngth	Recommen- ded Brake Resistance
	kW	HP	A	Non UL	UL	mm	AWG/ kcmil	A	m	ft	Ω
2	0.75	1	8.6	16	15	8	8	4.3	100	330	100
2	1.5	1.5	12.9	16	17.5	8	8	7	100	330	50
2	2.2	3	19.2	25	25	8	8	10.5	100	330	35

Frame Size	-	wer ing	Input Curr- ent	Fuse Me (Typ			aximum ble Size	Rated Output Current	mi Ma Ca	axi- um otor ble igth	Re- commen- ded Brake Resistance
	kW	НР	A	Non UL	UL	mm	AWG/ kcmil	A	m	ft	Ω
2	0.75	1	3.5	6	6	8	8	2.2	100	330	400
2	1.5	2	5.6	10	10	8	8	4.1	100	330	200
2	2.2	3	7.5	10	10	8	8	5.8	100	330	150
2	4	5	11.5	16	15	8	8	9.5	100	330	100
3	5.5	7.5	17.2	25	25	8	8	14	100	330	75
3	7.5	10	21.8	32	30	8	8	18	100	330	50
3	11	15	27.5	40	35	8	8	24	100	330	40
4	15	20	34.2	50	45	16	5	30	100	330	22
4	18.5	25	44.1	63	60	16	5	39	100	330	22
4	22	30	51.9	63	70	16	5	46	100	330	22
5	30	40	66.1	80	80	35	2	61	100	330	12
5	37	50	77.3	100	100	35	2	72	100	330	12
6	45	60	102.7	125	125	150	300MCM	90	100	330	6
6A	45	60	83.5	125	110	150	300MCM	90	100	330	6
6	55	75	126.4	125	175	150	300MCM	110	100	330	6
6A	55	75	102.2	125	125	150	300MCM	110	100	330	6
6	75	100	164.7	200	200	150	300MCM	150	100	330	6
6B	75	100	144.1	200	175	150	300MCM	150	100	330	6
6	90	150	192.1	250	250	150	300MCM	180	100	330	6
6B	90	150	167.4	250	225	150	300MCM	180	100	330	6
6B	110	175	189.8	250	250	150	300MCM	202	100	330	6
7	110	175	210.8	250	300	150	300MCM	202	100	330	6
7	132	200	241.0	315	300	150	300MCM	240	100	330	6
7	160	250	299.0	400	400	150	300MCM	302	100	330	6
8	200	300	377.2	500	500	240	450MCM	370	100	330	3
8	250	350	458.7	600	600	240	450MCM	450	100	330	3

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NOTE

- Ratings shown above apply to 40°C Ambient temperature. For derating information, refer to section 10.5.1. Derating for Ambient Temperature
- The drive is protected against short-circuit from power output to protective earth for all rated cable lengths, cable sizes and cable types.
- 3 phase drive can be connected to single phase supply when the output current is 50% derated.
- The maximum cable lengths stated here are based on hardware limitations and do NOT take into consideration any requirements for compliance to any EMC standards. Please see section 4.13. EMC Compliant Installation for further information.
- The maximum motor cable length stated applies to using a shielded motor cable. When using an unshielded cable, the maximum cable length limit may be increased by 50%. When using the Powertran Drives recommended output choke, the maximum cable length may be increased by 100%.
- The PWM output switching from any inverter when used with a long motor cable length can cause an increase in the voltage at the motor terminals, depending on the motor cable length and inductance. The rise time and peak voltage can affect the service life of the motor. J.K. Fenner recommend using an output choke for motor cable lengths of 50m or more to ensure good motor service life.
- For IP20 Frame Size 8 the Vector Speed and Torque control modes may not operate correctly with long motor cables and output filters. It is recommended to operate in V/F mode only for cable lengths exceeding 50m.
- Supply and motor cable sizes should be dimensioned according to local codes or regulations in the country or area of installation.
- For UL compliant installation, use Copper wire with a minimum insulation temperature rating of 70°C, UL Class CC or Class J Fuses (exception: Eaton Bussmann FWP series must be used for size 6A & 6B IP20 models).

Supply Voltage	200 – 240 RMS Volts for 230 Volt rated units, + /- 10% variation allowed.
	380 – 480 Volts for 400 Volt rated units, + / - 10% variation allowed.
Imbalance	Maximum 3% voltage variation between phase – phase voltages allowed.
	All PT Series P2 units have phase imbalance monitoring. A phase imbalance of > 3% will result in the drive tripping. For input supplies which have supply imbalance greater than 3% (typically the Indian sub- continent & parts of Asia Pacific including China) Powertran Drives recommends the installation of input line reactors. Alternatively, the drives can be operated as a single phase supply drive with 50% derating.
Frequency	50 Hz + / - 5% Variation.

10.3. Input Power Supply Requirements

10.4. Additional Information for UL Approved Installations

PT Series P2 is designed to meet the UL requirements. In order to ensure full compliance, the following must be fully observed.

Input Power Supply Requirements							
	Voltage Rating	Min kW (HP)	Max kW (HP)	Maximum supply short-circuit current			
Short Circuit	All	All	All	100kA rms (AC)			
Capacity	All the drives in the above table are suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than the above specified maximum short-circuit Amperes symmetrical with the specified maximum supply voltage.						
Incoming pow	er supply connection mu	ust be according to section	on 4.3. Incoming Power	Connection.			
All PT Series P2 units are intended for indoor installation within controlled environments which meet the condition limits shown in section 10.1. Environmental.							
	protection must be in: wn in section 10.2. Inp	Ŭ		des. Fuse ratings and			
Suitable Power and motor cables should be selected according to the data shown in section 10.2. Input/ Output Power and Current Ratings.							
Power cable connections and tightening torques are shown in section 3.4. Installation Following a Period of Storage.							
 PT Series P2 provides motor overload protection in accordance with the National Electrical Code (US). Where a motor thermistor is not fitted, or not utilised, Thermal Overload Memory Retention must be enabled by setting P4-12 = 1. 							

• Where a motor thermistor is fitted and connected to the drive, connection must be carried out according to the information shown in section 4.7. Motor Terminal Box Connections.

10.5. Derating Information

Derating of the drive maximum continuous output current capacity is require when:

- Operating at ambient temperature in excess of 40°C / 104°F for enclosed drives (Non UL Approved).
- Operating at Altitude in excess of 1000m/ 3281 ft.
- Operation with Effective Switching Frequency higher than 8kHz for IP20 models and 4kHz for IP55/ IP66 models.

The following derating factors should be applied when operating drives outside of these conditions.

10.5.1. Derating for Ambient Temperature

Enclosure Type	Maximum Temperature Without Derating (UL Approved)	Derate by	Maximum Permissible Operating Ambient Temperature with Derating (Non UL Approved)
IP20	50°C / 122°F	N/A	50°C
IP55	40°C / 104°F	1.5% per °C (1.8°F)	50°C

Enclosure Type	Maximum Temperature Without Derating (UL Approved)	Derate by	Maximum Permissible Operating Ambient Temperature with Derating (Non UL Approved)
IP66	40°C / 104°F	2.5% per °C (1.8°F)	50°C

10.5.2. Derating for Altitude

Enclosure Type	Maximum Altitude Without Derating	Derate by	Maximum Permissible (UL Approved)	Maximum Permissible (Non-UL Approved)
IP20	1000m / 3281 ft	1% per 100m / 328 ft	2000m / 6562 ft	4000m / 13123 ft
IP55	1000m / 3281ft	1% per 100m / 328 ft	2000m / 6562 ft	4000m / 13123 ft
IP66	1000m / 3281ft	1% per 100m / 328 ft	2000m / 6562 ft	4000m / 13123 ft

10.5.3. Derating for Switching Frequency

Enclosure		Switchi	y (Where av	(Where available)		
Туре	4kHz	8kHz	12kHz	16kHz	24kHz	32kHz
IP20	N/A	N/A	20%	30%	40%	50%
IP55	N/A	10%	10%	15%	25%	N/A
IP66	N/A	10%	25%	35%	50%	50%

10.5.4. Example of applying Derating Factors

A 4kW, IP66 drive is to be used at an altitude of 2000 metres above sea level, with 12kHz switching frequency and 45° C ambient temperature.

From the table above, we can see that the rated current of the drive is 9.5 Amps at 40°C,

Firstly, apply the switching frequency derating, 12kHz, 25% derating 9.5 Amps x 75% = 7.1 Amps

Now, apply the derating for higher ambient temperature, 2.5% per °C above 40 °C = 5 x 2.5% = 12.5% 7.1 Amps x 87.5% = 6.2 Amps

Now apply the derating for altitude above 1000 metres, 1% per 100m above 1000m = $10 \times 1\%$ = 10% 7.9 Amps x 90% = 5.5 Amps continuous current available.

If the required motor current exceeds this level, it will be necessary to either:

- Reduce the switching frequency selected.
- Use a higher power rated drive and repeat the calculation to ensure sufficient output current is available.

10.6. Internal EMC Filter and Varistors – Disconnection Procedure 10.6.1. IP20 Drive Models

All PT Series P2 models provide a simple method to disconnect the internal EMC filter and surge protection varistors by fully removing the screws shown below. This should only be carried out where necessary, for example in cases such as IT or ungrounded supplies, where the phase to ground voltage can exceed the phase to phase voltage.

Frame Size 5

Frame Size 5 units have FMC Filter

points only located

on the front face of the unit as shown.

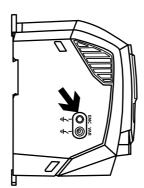
disconnection

The EMC filter disconnect screw is labelled "EMC".

The surge protection varistors disconnect screw is clearly labelled "VAR".

Frame Sizes 2 & 3

The EMC Filter and Varistor disconnect screws are located on the left side of the product when viewed from the front. Remove both screws completely

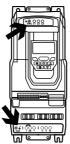


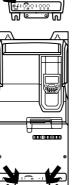
Frame Size 4

Frame Size 4 units have EMC Filter disconnection points only located on the front face of the unit as shown.

Frame Size 6A/6B

Frame Size 6A/6B units have EMC Filter disconnection points only located on the front face of the unit as shown.





10.6.2. IP55 & IP66 Models

These models require disassembly in order to disconnect the EMC filter. Disconnection should be carried out only by J.K. Fenner Approved Service Partners.

11. Troubleshooting

11.1. Fault Messages

Fault Code	No.	OLED Message Description	Corrective Action
no-FLE	00	No Fault	Displayed in PO-13 if no faults are recorded in the log.
01 - ь	01	Brake channel over current	Ensure the connected brake resistor is above the minimum permissible level for the drive – refer to the ratings shown in section 10.2. Input/Output Power and Current Ratings. Check the brake resistor and wiring for possible short circuits.
OL-br	02	Brake resistor overload	The drive software has determined that the brake resistor is overloaded, and trips to protect the resistor. Always ensure the brake resistor is being operated within its designed parameter before making any parameter or system changes. To reduce the load on the resistor, increase the deceleration time, reduce the load inertia or add further brake resistors in parallel, observing the minimum resistance value for the drive in use.
0-1	03	Over current trip	 Fault Occurs on Drive Enable Check the motor and motor connection cable for phase – phase and phase – earth short circuits. Check the load mechanically for a jam, blockage or stalled condition. Ensure the motor nameplate parameters are correctly entered, P1-07, P1-08, P1-09. If operating in Vector mode (P4-01 – 0 or 1), also check the motor power factor in P4-05 and ensure an autotune has been successfully completed for the connected motor. Reduced the Boost voltage setting in P1-11. Increase the ramp up time in P1-03. If the connected motor has a holding brake, ensure the brake is correctly. Fault Occurs When Running If operating in Vector mode (P4-01 – 0 or 1), reduce the speed loop gain in P4-03.

Fault Code	No.	OLED Message Description	Corrective Action
1.t-trP	04	Drive has tripped on overload after delivering > 100% of value in P1-08 for a period of time.	Check to see when the decimal points are flashing (drive in overload) and either increase acceleration rate or reduce the load. Check motor cable length is within the limit specified for the relevant drive in section 10.2. Ensure the motor nameplate parameters are correctly entered in P1-07, P1-08, and P1-09. If operating in Vector mode (P4-01 – 0 or 1), also check the motor power factor in P4-05 and ensure an autotune has been successfully completed for the connected motor. Check the load mechanically to ensure it is free, and that no jams, blockages or other mechanical faults exist.
PS-trP	05	Hardware Over Current	Check the wiring to motor and the motor for phase to phase and phase to earth short circuits. Disconnect the motor and motor cable and retest. If the drive trips with no motor connected, it must be replaced and the system fully checked and retested before a replacement unit is installed.
0-uort	06	Over voltage on DC bus	The value of the DC Bus Voltage can be displayed in PO-20. A historical log is stored at 256ms intervals prior to a trip in parameter PO-36. This fault is generally caused by excessive regenerative energy being transferred from the load back to the drive. When a high inertia or over hauling type load is connected. If the fault occurs on stopping or during deceleration, increase the deceleration ramp time P1-04 or connect a suitable brake resistor to the drive. If operating in Vector Mode, reduce the speed loop gain P4-03. If operating in PID control, ensure that ramps are active by reducing P3-11.
U-uort	07	Under voltage on DC bus	This occurs routinely when power is switched off. If it occurs during running, check the incoming supply voltage, and all connections into the drive, fuses, contactors etc.

Fault Code	No.	OLED Message Description	Corrective Action
0- E	08	Heatsink over temperature	The heatsink temperature can be displayed in PO- 21. A historical log is stored at 30 second intervals prior to a trip in parameter PO-38. Check the drive ambient temperature. Ensure the drive internal cooling fan is operating. Ensure that the required space around the drive as shown in sections 3.5. Mechanical Dimensions and Weight to 3.9. Guidelines for Mounting (IP66 Units) has been observed, and that the cooling airflow path to and from the drive is not restricted. Reduce the effective switching frequency setting in parameter P2-24. Reduce the load on the motor / drive.
U-E	09	Under temperature	Trip occurs when ambient temperature is less than - 10°C. The temperature must be raised over - 10°C in order to start the drive.
P-dEF	10	Factory Default parameters have been loaded	Press STOP key, the drive is now ready to be configured for the required application.
E-tr iP	11	External trip	E-trip requested on control input terminals. Some settings of P1-13 require a normally closed contact to provide an external means of tripping the drive in the event that an external device develops a fault. If a motor thermistor is connected check if the motor is too hot.
SC-06S	12	Communications Fault	Communications lost with PC or remote keypad. Check the cables and connections to external devices.
F.t-dc	13	Excessive DC ripple	The DC Bus Ripple Voltage level can be displayed in parameter PO-16. A historical log is stored at 20ms intervals prior to a trip in parameter PO-37. Check all three supply phases are present and within the 3% supply voltage level imbalance tolerance. Reduce the motor load. If the fault persists, contact your local J.K. Fenner Sales Partner.
P-Lo55	14	Input phase loss	Drive intended for use with a 3 phase supply, one input phase has been disconnected or lost.

Fault Code	No.	OLED Message Description	Corrective Action		
h 0-1	15	Instantaneous over current on drive output	Refer to fault 3 above.		
EH-FLE	16	Faulty thermistor on heatsink	Refer to your J.K. Fenner Sales Partner.		
dAEA-F	17	Internal memory fault	Parameters not saved, defaults reloaded. Try again. If problem recurs, refer to your IDL Authorised Distributor.		
4-20F	18	4-20mA Signal Lost	The reference signal on Analog Input 1 or 2 (Terminals 6 or 10) has dropped below the minimum threshold of 3mA. Check the signal source and wiring to the PT Series terminals.		
dAFB-E	19	Internal memory fault	Parameters not saved, defaults reloaded. Try again. If problem recurs, refer to your IDL Authorised Distributor.		
U- dEF	20	User Parameter Default	User Parameter defaults have been loaded. Press the Stop key.		
F-Ptc	21	Motor PTC Over Temperature	The connected motor PTC device has caused the drive to trip.		
FAn-F	22	Cooling Fan Fault	Check and if necessary, replace the drive internal cooling fan.		
0- hEAE	23	Ambient Temperature High	The measured temperature around the drive is above the operating limit of the drive. Ensure the drive internal cooling fan is operating. Ensure that the required space around the drive as shown in sections 3.5. Mechanical Dimensions and Weight to 3.9. Guidelines for Mounting (IP66 Units) has been observed, and that the cooling airflow path to and from the drive is not restricted. Increase the cooling airflow to the drive. Reduce the effective switching frequency setting in parameter P2-24. Reduce the load on the motor / drive.		
D-tor9	24	Maximum Torque Limit Exceeded	The output torque limit has exceeded the drive capacity or trip threshold. Reduce the motor load, or increase the acceleration time.		

Fault Code	No.	OLED Message Description	Corrective Action			
U-tor9	25	Output Torque Too Low	Active only when hoist brake control is enabled P2- 18 = 8. The torque developed prior to releasing the motor holding brake is below the preset threshold. Contact your local J.K. Fenner Sales Partner for further information on using the PT Series P2 in hoist applications.			
OUE-F	26	Drive output fault	Drive output fault.			
Sto-F	29	Internal STO circuit Error	Refer to your J.K. Fenner Sales Partner.			
Enc-01	30	Encoder Feedback Fault	Encoder communication /data loss.			
SP-Err	31	Speed Error	Speed Error. The error between the measured encoder feedback speed or the estimated rotor speed is greater than the pre-set limit allowed. In Hoist Mode Operation, this protection is always active even if no encoder is fitted. The motor speed deviates from the intended motor speed by an error greater than that set in the limit parameter P6-07.			
Enc-03	32	Encoder Feedback Fault	Incorrect Encoder PPR count set in parameter P6-06.			
Enc-04	33	Encoder Feedback Fault	Encoder Channel A Fault.			
Enc-OS	34	Encoder Feedback Fault	Encoder Channel B Fault.			
Enc-06	35	Encoder Feedback Fault	Encoder Channels A & B Fault.			
AFE-01	40		Measured motor stator resistance varies between phases. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free from faults. Check the windings for correct resistance and balance.			
AFE-05	41		Measured motor stator resistance is too large. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free from faults. Check that the power rating corresponds to the power rating of the connected drive.			
AFE-03	42	Autotune Failed	Measured motor inductance is too low. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free from faults.			
AFE-DA	REF-DY 43		Measured motor inductance is too large. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free from faults Check that the power rating corresponds to the power rating of the connected drive.			
AFE-02	44		Measured motor parameters are not convergent. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free from faults. Check that the power rating corresponds to the power rating of the connected drive.			

Fault Code	No.	OLED Message Description	Corrective Action			
Ph-5E9	45	Incorrect Supply Phase Sequence	Applies to Frame Size 8 drives only, indicates that the incoming power supply phase sequence is incorrect. Any 2 phases may be swapped.			
OUE-Ph	49	Output Phase Loss	One of the motor output phases is not connected to the drive.			
Sc-FO I	50	Modbus Comms fault	A valid Modbus telegram has not been received within the watchdog time limit set in P5-05. Check the network master / PLC is still operating. Check the connection cables. Increase the value of P5-05 to a suitable level.			
5c-F02	51	CAN Open comms trip	A valid CAN open telegram has not been received within the watchdog time limit set in P5-05. Check the network master / PLC is still operating. Check the connection cables. Increase the value of P5-05 to a suitable level.			
5c-F03	52	Communications Option Module Fault	Internal communication to the inserted Communication Option Module has been lost. Check the module is correctly inserted.			
5c-F04	53	IO card comms trip	Internal communication to the inserted Option Module has been lost. Check the module is correctly inserted.			



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